

1938
M/dg.
Book

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE HAND BOOK



**THIS BOOK CONTAINS THE
8000 MOULDING LIST**

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE

SATIN-LIKE INTERIOR TRIM
CLEAR PANELING, SOFT, WORK-
ABLE COMMON LUMBER

8000 MOULDING LIST

Effective March, 1925

Wood Mouldings and Universal Sizes

ILLUSTRATED



*Concise description of Arkansas Soft Pine and its proper use.
Moulding designs full finished size. Lists
per hundred lineal feet*

EIGHTH EDITION

★ INCLUDES ADDED PATTERNS PAGES 43 and 61

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ARKANSAS SOFT PINE BUREAU
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS



Characteristic Stand of Arkansas Soft Pine Timber

Here's the "Reason Why" of ARKANSAS SOFT PINE *Satin-like Interior Trim*

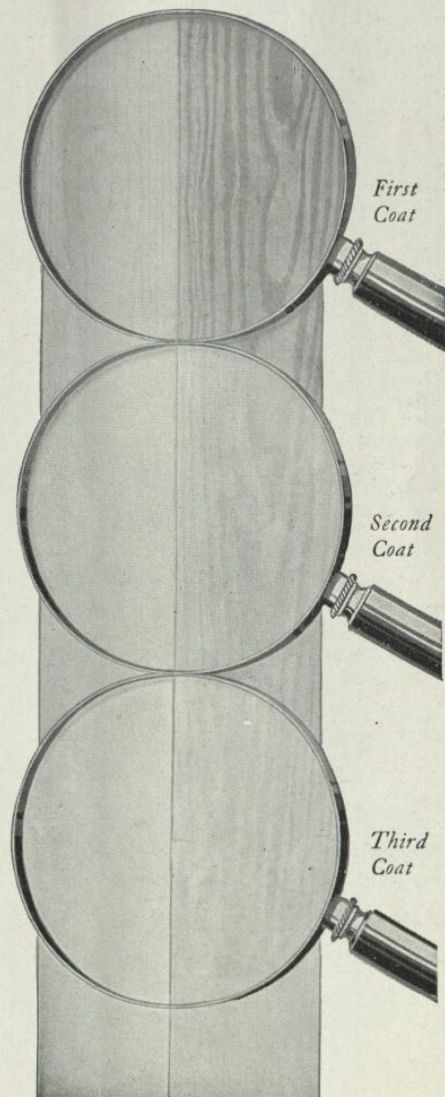
WITH the painter's brush, we show you here exactly how the natural physical qualities of Arkansas Soft Pine Trim produce a beautiful, lasting enameled surface. The left-hand piece is a casing of Arkansas Soft Pine, a wood of fine texture, close grain, freedom from pitch, and possessing those absorbing qualities indispensable to a satisfactory finish either in enamel or stain.

This "close-up" shows exactly why Arkansas Soft Pine is in a class by itself among moderate priced woods for fine woodwork in homes of the better sort. May we show you the wood itself as well as a variety of artistically finished panels? It will be a pleasure to do so!

1st Coat Note how evenly the priming coat of white lead is absorbed and that the delicate figure of the wood is almost hidden. This coat sinks into the fibre of the wood itself and becomes a part of it. On the other piece observe that the hard streaks of the grain are scarcely affected by the first coat because it cannot penetrate the rosin.

2nd Coat Here the figure of the Arkansas Soft Pine casing is already entirely hidden while that of the heavier, resinous wood still shows plainly. As this heavier piece ages, the sap growth will shrink, leaving the pitch streaks high, resulting in what is commonly called "raised grain." As there are no pitch streaks in Arkansas Soft Pine Interior Trim, there is no possibility of raised grain.

3rd Coat This proves the pudding. Here we see the Arkansas Soft Pine strip as pure white as porcelain—and as smooth. Whereas the non-absorbent, resinous strip still repels the applied enamel at every line of summer (dense) growth.



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H A N D B O O K

O N

Arkansas Soft Pine

WHEREIN lies the difference between Arkansas Soft Pine and so-called "Georgia Pine?" is one of the most frequent questions regarding this wood. The difference is pronounced in every respect. Arkansas Soft Pine is a superior quality of soft textured short leaf pine known botanically as "*Pinus echinata*." Because of certain characteristics, namely, its freedom from excessive pitch, its light, soft, lustrous texture and fine grain, this wood has long been in demand among builders for certain uses in preference to the more resinous heavy species of other pines of the South.

So-called "Georgia Pine" on the other hand is of the "*Pinus palustris*" branch of the pine family, more commonly termed long leaf. It grows in all Gulf States from Florida to Texas; it is a heavy, dense, resinous wood adapted to uses calling for extreme tensile strength, but has not proven uniformly satisfactory for use as interior trim, particularly under white enamel. In the latter case, this has been due to its marked tendency to stain the enamel from underneath—owing to the action of the resinous oil which works out of the wood and through the flat white to the enameled surface, thus causing discoloration.

INDIVIDUAL ADVANTAGES

The advantages of Arkansas Soft Pine, therefore, lie in the merits enumerated above

in the first paragraph. These individual physical qualities render it particularly adapted to use as interior trim and paneling both in clear and knotty stock. It also serves especially well as ceiling, lap siding, barn boards, shiplap, roofing, sheathing and in all other items of the lower grades. It should be stated also that average stock from the Arkansas Soft Pine log possesses adequate strength for all stresses and loads to be expected in the construction of residences as well as that of store and apartment buildings of moderate size. Stock joists and rafters 2x6, 2x8, 2x10 and 2x12 inches for example will serve with a wide margin of safety when used over spans not to exceed 18 or 20 feet.

In this connection, Government tests conducted by the Forest Service Department* give the modulus of rupture on short leaf at 13,900 pounds as against 16,700 for long leaf, the maximum crushing strength at 8,660 pounds as against 10,880 pounds and the shearing strength parallel to grain at 1,390 as against 1,640 pounds per square inch.

Thus it is evident that Arkansas Soft Pine dimension may be safely employed for rafters even in factories or warehouses where the spans are not of extreme length.

For framing material in residential and construction of similar character requiring dimensions, boards, shiplap, etc., Arkansas

*Forest Service Bulletin No. 556

Soft Pine will be found ultra-satisfactory for the following reasons:

All piece stuff has more than ample strength to carry loads of the class already mentioned. Furthermore, it is a material of great toughness of fiber which cuts readily and yet does not split easily when nailed. Consequently, close fitting, knife joints are possible at all toe nails and miters.

The same inherent, tough, resilient fiber characterizes all common grades of inch lumber. Boards, sheathing, etc., may, therefore, be easily, yet securely nailed with the minimum of effort. Carpenters who have worked in all White Pine endorse Arkansas Soft Pine as the nearest approach to that famous wood in softness and "workability." Due to those same characteristics which include in addition, the absence of excessive pitch, the wood takes paint in a thorough-going manner and holds it permanently without any subsequent boiling out or oozing of the pitch through the pigment. Properly mixed lead and oil will adhere to Arkansas Soft Pine over indefinite terms and will require renewing only when the paint itself has yielded to the atmospheric elements.

"*Nearly three-fourths of all woods employed for manufacturing purposes in Arkansas is Short Leaf Pine Short Leaf Pine in Arkansas is generally considered of a higher grade than the same species grown in other regions It is a favorite material for sash, doors and ceiling and is well liked for flooring Short leaf grows faster than long leaf, particularly during the first thirty or forty years, and the sap wood is thick."

SPLENDID FLOORING MATERIAL

Arkansas Soft Pine flooring is manufactured in approximately ten grades from heart rift down to No. 2, common, flat grain, (See grading rules©). Rift sawn (edge grain), is especially desirable for flooring and admits of no pieces in which

the angle of the grain exceeds 45 degree from vertical to any point. The most satisfactory pattern measures 25/32x3 inch nominal (2 $\frac{3}{8}$ inch face) and usually runs 8 feet to 20 feet in length, the greatest percentage being 8 feet to 16 feet. In the finished floor, the longer lengths reduce the number of end joints to a minimum, a decided advantage when small rugs are used. With Arkansas Soft Pine, a room of any width from 8 to 16 feet may be laid in one length of flooring, thereby eliminating end joints entirely and supplying a completed floor of mirror-like smoothness. The finished floor, when properly scraped and sanded, will take any desired treatment in stains, varnish, gloss or waxed and produces a long wearing floor of attractive appearance. (See formulae, page 10.)

†"Inside and outside trim for houses is manufactured from short leaf. (Do not forget that short leaf in Arkansas is of a higher grade than any other.) It is widely used for flooring and is recommended both by its appearance and because of its wearing qualities; it responds readily to oils, wax and other floor finishes and dressings.—Plaster lath are products of the short leaf pine forests. Many of the larger lumber mills of the South, particularly in Arkansas advertise their short leaf as a specialty."

IDENTIFIED BY TRADE MARK

For the purpose of assisting buyers in securing this identical material when they so specify, the manufacturers of Arkansas Soft Pine, composing the Arkansas Soft Pine Bureau, have adopted the registered trade-mark appearing on the title page of this book. This emblem is an identification whereby the architect and dealer may assure himself that his client actually receives *the material chosen. The mark itself is in turn a guarantee of reliable material, behind which stand the manufacturers whose product must adhere to established standards*

grade and quality to earn the privilege of identification afforded by the mark.

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE IS ALSO GRADE-MARKED

The establishment of the practice of grade-marking lumber was for protection of the public. Unless grade-marking is supervised by the organization responsible for the formulation and maintenance of grading standards, the protective influence of that grade-mark is nil. A grade-mark is something more than the individual shipper's idea of the grade—it is the industry's guarantee of proper grade and is founded upon close supervision and policing by the industry's inspection department.

Next below is an illustration of the kind of grade-mark which appears on Arkansas Soft Pine. It shows grade, trade-mark, mill number or name, and the characters which indicate proper supervision.

AB & BETTER 29
AKILN DRIED

YOUR QUESTION ANSWERED

Why should the Arkansas product be superior to short leaf of other regions? is a natural question. The answer will be found in the following:

‡“In Arkansas, in the hilly and mountainous regions on both sides of the Arkansas River are over 19,000 square miles in extent of short leaf pine which forms a large part of the tree covering of the siliceous, rocky soil and frequently extensive forests on the wide tablelands. On the uplands of yellow loam south of the hills (the exact location of the Bureau mills), the tree predominates, especially on the low ridge of gravel and loam.” Thus it is established that the Arkansas Short Leaf is virtually a Simon-pure species, for which reason, the Arkansas tree amid salubrious and favorable

environment, unaffected by parasites or encroaching growths of other species, attains perfection.

The same report continues regarding short leaf as a whole: “Freer from resinous matter, softer, more easily worked . . . the lumber of short leaf pine is often preferred by the cabinet maker and house carpenter. It is principally used for lighter framework in buildings, for weather boarding, floorings, ceiling . . . casings for windows and doors and for frames and sash of all kinds.

“The sapwood is clearly defined, being quite broad and often in very old trees, forms fully one-half the total volume of the trunk. In thirteen trees 100 to 150 years old, the average width of sapwood was found to be about 4 inches, while often in trees over 150 years old, its average width was 3 inches. In the former case, the sapwood estimated 65% to 70% of the volume of the logs. In the latter, 50% to 55%, while in a set of trees 50 to 100 years old, it formed fully 80% of all the wood. The change from sapwood to heartwood begins when the tree is about 25 to 30 years old and is retarded more and more with age, so that in old trees, as many as 80 or even 100 rings are counted in the sapwood while in young and thrifty trees, not more than 30 to 40 occur.

“As in other pines, the butt is 15% to 20% heavier than the top and the wood of the inner 40 to 50 rings excels in weight and strength the wood of the outer part of old logs.”

Referring to the foregoing paragraph, it is from the heavier butt logs that flooring stock is cut in order to take advantage of the more dense growth which in the finished product will stand up under hard wear. Heart face, edge grain, Arkansas Soft Pine flooring is practically indestructible. It is made from the same class of stock as was used for ship decking in the prime days of America's Merchant Marine.

CHARACTER OF FINISH STOCK

It is from the thick, clear sapwood with its fine, lustrous texture and virtual absence of resinous oils that the highest grade of interior finish is manufactured and it is because of the large percentage of this clear material peculiar to South Central Arkansas timber that Arkansas Soft Pine attains its maximum of value, merit and beauty when employed as interior trim.

Owing to the physical characteristics already enumerated, combined with well-balanced absorbing qualities—due to the absence of pitch—interior trim of this wood will take stains and enamels with thoroughly satisfying results. A wide choice of figure is possible, due to the variety of grain, and by selection, certain patterns of bold or conservative figure may be assembled for the complete finishing of individual rooms. Patterns which resemble the more rare and costly woods thus can be chosen and with appropriate color treatment be made to supply a rich woodwork at moderate cost. When stains or enamels are applied, the first coat of stain or lead and oil is absorbed to a proper degree of penetration.

INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT

In finishing Arkansas Soft Pine for enamelled effects, a priming coat of very thin white shellac should be used. It is important however that this application *should be thin* and not heavy because the latter fills and closes the pores of the wood preventing the proper penetration of the enamel white coat into the fibre of the wood. The well balanced absorbing qualities of Arkansas Soft Pine are important factors to the beautiful enamelled finishes accomplished on this wood. When stains are used the first coat applied should be the stain itself which impregnates the wood becoming integral with it. This establishes an even color throughout the area of the woodwork. Subsequent fading, discoloration or raised grain are effectually discounted in advance.

PROPER SANDING IMPORTANT

A prime prerequisite is that flat faced finish shall be machine sanded.* If the local lumber yard is not equipped with such apparatus, the work may be done for a nominal charge at any first class planing mill. This method is preferable, as it insures a smooth, polished surface on the natural wood and eliminates the liability of scuffing as is so often done when the wood is worked on the bench by hand with a steel scraper or block and sandpaper. After coming from the machine, the pieces should be wrapped in paper as a precaution against finger-marks and dust and handled with due care until delivery to the job is made.

After installation and when the painter begins his work, the applied finish is, by nature of the wood, tenaciously and thoroughly embraced by the tough, resilient fiber, so that it actually becomes an integral part of the wood itself. A fixed surface is thus established and as the wood ages, it likewise hardens and thus provides the base upon which the final treatment retains its luster.

PROPERLY BALANCED ABSORPTION

Any prejudice which may have existed against soft woods as interior trim, has been due in part to the tendency of some of them to over-absorb the varnishes or enamels. While Arkansas Soft Pine is a soft wood, it is not of that cork-like softness which literally "drinks up" oils and varnishes. The tough fiber prevents that contingency.

Particular emphasis is laid on the merit of this wood as a base for white enamel. The absence of rosin or oil content insures against any possibility of staining the white surface from underneath. The close fiber takes the flat white coat with a perfectly uniform absorption, nor is any trouble experienced with raised grain, as the fine texture of the wood has no such tendency. The enameled coats, therefore, when finished, are perfectly smooth and the ultimate result equals in every respect that which is obtained on the more costly woods so frequently recommended.

Arkansas Soft Pine Bureau

*The Bureau Mills furnish sanded finish.



Typical Figure in Arkansas Soft Pine Interior Trim

How to Finish Arkansas Soft Pine

Arkansas Soft Pine is an ideal wood for finishing, owing to its fine texture and close grain. So varied is its figure in some instances that many successful reproductions of oak, mahogany and other effects can be obtained with it. It is also well adapted to white enamel finishing, as unlike some species of Pine, it absorbs the undercoating and enamel evenly, giving a finish of satin-like smoothness. Moreover, this wood positively will not discolor the enamel from underneath. For this purpose, it is an unnecessary expenditure of money to use any more costly wood, as white enamel hides the surface over which it is applied. As in the finishing of all woods, best results are secured only by using the right stain, varnish or enamel. When quality materials are selected and carefully applied, the result leaves little to be desired in beauty or permanency.

NATURAL FINISH

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Liquid Wood Filler.
- 2 coats of Interior Trim Varnish.
- Left in gloss, rubbed dull or polished as desired.

FLOORS

- 3 coats of best Floor Varnish.

EXTERIOR WORK

- 1 coat of Floor Varnish.
- 2 coats of Exterior Varnish.

STAINED FINISHES WITH GLOSS VARNISH

Oil Stains are best adapted to Arkansas Soft Pine in the following shades: Light Oak, Dark Oak, Weathered Oak, Cherry, Rosewood, Walnut, Golden Oak, Forest Green, Antique, Mahogany and Dark Mahogany. Following are the specifications:

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 1 coat of Liquid Wood Filler.
- 2 coats of Interior Trim Varnish.
- * Left in gloss, rubbed dull or polished as desired.

FLOORS

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 2 or 3 coats of Floor Varnish.

EXTERIOR WORK

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 1 coat of Floor Varnish.
- 2 coats of Exterior Varnish.

DULL VARNISH FINISH

The surface for a varnish or enamel finish should be cleaned and sandpapered smooth with No. 0 or No. 00 Sandpaper. Touch up any knots or sappy places with pure white Shellac. Machine sanding is always advised when possible.

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Oil Stain.
- 1 coat of Liquid Wood Filler.
- 1 coat of Dull Varnish.

SILVER GRAY EFFECT

The unique Silver Gray effect requires special treatment, differing from the other color effects, and is best obtained with an Acid Stain. Acid Stains are primarily intended for hard woods and not for soft woods such as Arkansas Pine, but for a Silver Gray effect on Arkansas Pine there is no better method than the specifications listed below. This specification is not suitable for floors or exterior work.

INTERIOR TRIM—DULL VARNISH FINISH

- 1 coat of Silver Gray Acid Stain.
- 1 coat of White Paste Filler.
- 1 coat of Shellac.
- 1 coat of Dull Varnish.

ENAMEL FINISH

In enamel finishing particularly it is extremely important that all knots are given a thin coat of pure white shellac before finishing. Where a dull finish is wanted without the expense of rubbing, use an "Egg-shell" Enamel.

INTERIOR TRIM

- 1 coat of Pure White Lead mixed with equal parts of Linseed Oil and Turpentine, with a small amount of Dryer added.
- 2 coats of Enamel Undercoating.
- 2 coats of Enamel.
- Left in gloss or rubbed dull as desired.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

PREPARATION OF SURFACE

The surface for a varnish or enamel finish should be cleaned and sandpapered smooth with No. 0 or No. 00 Sandpaper. Touch up any knots or sappy places with pure white Shellac. Machine sanding is always advised when possible.

HOW TO APPLY THE STAIN

Apply evenly with a varnish brush. Allow 24 hours to dry. Turpentine added to Oil Stains gives a lighter shade. Wiping off an Oil Stain with a soft cloth about five minutes after it is applied also produces a lighter shade, and this is always done with Antique, Weathered Oak and Golden Oak Stains, also for a lighter shade of Forest Green.

Before applying the Silver Gray Acid Stain the wood should first be sponged with cold water and sandpapered when dry. Also sandpapered again when the stain is dry, which is not necessary when using an Oil Stain. Add water to make Silver Gray Acid Stain lighter.

HOW TO APPLY LIQUID WOOD FILLER, SHELLAC, VARNISH AND ENAMEL

Apply evenly with a varnish brush of a size adapted to the work in hand. Allow Shellac and Liquid Wood Filler 24 hours to dry; Floor Varnish and Interior Trim Varnish 48 hours. Allow Exterior Varnish 4 days to dry, as well as the final coat of Interior Trim Varnish when it is to be rubbed or polished. Sandpaper each coat of Liquid Wood Filler, Shellac or Varnish when dry before applying the next coat, with No. 00 or No. 0 Sandpaper.

NOTE—We are indebted to Pratt & Lambert, Inc., the well-known varnish makers for the above specifications and directions. They will be glad to answer any questions regarding the finishing of Arkansas Soft Pine. Address the Advisory Department, Pratt & Lambert, Inc., 75-79 Tonawanda Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

HOW TO OBTAIN A RUBBED OR POLISHED FINISH

To rub Varnish to a dull finish use a piece of rubbing felt about four inches square dipped alternately in finely pulverized pumice stone and crude oil or pulverized pumice stone and water. For a very dull finish use hair cloth or curled hair, crude oil and a coarse grade of pumice stone. When oil is used, after the gloss is thoroughly removed the work should be wiped off with clean, soft cloths or cotton waste. When water is used, the surface should be washed with water and dried with a chamois skin, then oiled off with linseed or rubbing oil used sparingly on a soft cloth or cotton waste. The water rub method is the only one suitable for rubbing White Enamel.

For a polished finish carry out the water rub method to the point of oiling off, then rub with rotten stone and oil or rotten stone and water. Where rotten stone and water is used finally apply a little rotten stone to the palm of the hand, bringing up the high polish by the friction of the hand. After the surface has been polished, oil off in the same manner as described above for the water rub finish.

COVERING CAPACITIES

Liquid Wood Filler and Stains—about 500 square feet per gallon; Varnish, Shellac and Enamel—about 600 square feet per gallon.

HOW TO REFINISH OLD WORK

If in good condition, clean and sandpaper and apply a coat or two of varnish; if in bad condition, or it is desired to stain a different color, remove the varnish with varnish remover and finish as for new wood. The old finish need not be removed where enamel is to be applied, but preliminary touching up of all chipped places with the enamel or paint is desirable before giving the entire surface the first coat.

Table of Board Measure

Size in Inches	LENGTH IN FEET											
	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32
2 x 4.....	6 $\frac{3}{4}$	8	9 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{3}{4}$	12	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	14 $\frac{3}{4}$	16	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	18 $\frac{3}{4}$	20	21 $\frac{1}{2}$
2 x 6.....	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32
2 x 8.....	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	18 $\frac{3}{4}$	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	24	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	34 $\frac{3}{4}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	42 $\frac{3}{4}$
2 x 10.....	16 $\frac{3}{4}$	20	23 $\frac{3}{4}$	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	30	33 $\frac{3}{4}$	36 $\frac{3}{4}$	40	43 $\frac{3}{4}$	46 $\frac{3}{4}$	50	53 $\frac{3}{4}$
2 x 12.....	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
2 x 14.....	23 $\frac{1}{2}$	28	32 $\frac{3}{4}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	42	46 $\frac{3}{4}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	56	60 $\frac{3}{4}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	70	74 $\frac{3}{4}$
2 x 16.....	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	32	37 $\frac{3}{4}$	42 $\frac{3}{4}$	48	53 $\frac{3}{4}$	58 $\frac{3}{4}$	64	69 $\frac{3}{4}$	74 $\frac{3}{4}$	80	85 $\frac{3}{4}$
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 12.....	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 14.....	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	35	40 $\frac{3}{4}$	46 $\frac{3}{4}$	52 $\frac{1}{2}$	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	64 $\frac{1}{2}$	70	75 $\frac{3}{4}$	81 $\frac{3}{4}$	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$
2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 16.....	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	46 $\frac{3}{4}$	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	66 $\frac{3}{4}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	86 $\frac{3}{4}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	106 $\frac{3}{4}$
3 x 6.....	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
3 x 8.....	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
3 x 10.....	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80
3 x 12.....	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96
3 x 14.....	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84	91	98	105	112
3 x 16.....	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128
4 x 4.....	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	16	18 $\frac{3}{4}$	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	24	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	34 $\frac{3}{4}$	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	42 $\frac{3}{4}$
4 x 6.....	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
4 x 8.....	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	32	37 $\frac{3}{4}$	42 $\frac{3}{4}$	48	53 $\frac{3}{4}$	58 $\frac{3}{4}$	64	69 $\frac{3}{4}$	74 $\frac{3}{4}$	80	85 $\frac{3}{4}$
4 x 10.....	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	40	46 $\frac{3}{4}$	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	66 $\frac{3}{4}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	80	86 $\frac{3}{4}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	106 $\frac{3}{4}$
4 x 12.....	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128
4 x 14.....	46 $\frac{3}{4}$	56	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	74 $\frac{3}{4}$	84	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{3}{4}$	112	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	130 $\frac{3}{4}$	140	149 $\frac{1}{2}$
6 x 6.....	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96
6 x 8.....	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96	104	112	120	128
6 x 10.....	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160
6 x 12.....	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144	156	168	180	192
6 x 14.....	70	84	98	112	126	140	154	168	182	196	210	224
6 x 16.....	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240	256
8 x 8.....	53 $\frac{1}{2}$	64	74 $\frac{3}{4}$	85 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	106 $\frac{3}{4}$	117 $\frac{1}{2}$	128	138 $\frac{3}{4}$	149 $\frac{1}{2}$	160	170 $\frac{3}{4}$
8 x 10.....	66 $\frac{3}{4}$	80	93 $\frac{3}{4}$	106 $\frac{3}{4}$	120	133 $\frac{3}{4}$	146 $\frac{3}{4}$	160	173 $\frac{3}{4}$	186 $\frac{3}{4}$	200	213 $\frac{3}{4}$
8 x 12.....	80	96	112	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240	256
8 x 14.....	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	112	130 $\frac{3}{4}$	149 $\frac{3}{4}$	168	186 $\frac{3}{4}$	205 $\frac{3}{4}$	224	242 $\frac{3}{4}$	261 $\frac{3}{4}$	280	298 $\frac{3}{4}$
10 x 10.....	83 $\frac{1}{2}$	100	116 $\frac{3}{4}$	133 $\frac{3}{4}$	150	166 $\frac{3}{4}$	183 $\frac{3}{4}$	200	216 $\frac{3}{4}$	233 $\frac{3}{4}$	250	266 $\frac{3}{4}$
10 x 12.....	100	120	140	160	180	200	220	240	260	280	300	320
10 x 14.....	116 $\frac{3}{4}$	140	163 $\frac{3}{4}$	186 $\frac{3}{4}$	210	233 $\frac{3}{4}$	256 $\frac{3}{4}$	280	303 $\frac{3}{4}$	326 $\frac{3}{4}$	350	373 $\frac{3}{4}$
10 x 16.....	133 $\frac{1}{2}$	160	186 $\frac{3}{4}$	213 $\frac{3}{4}$	240	266 $\frac{3}{4}$	293 $\frac{3}{4}$	320	346 $\frac{3}{4}$	373 $\frac{3}{4}$	400	426 $\frac{3}{4}$
12 x 12.....	120	144	168	192	216	240	264	288	312	336	360	384
12 x 14.....	140	168	196	224	252	280	308	336	364	392	420	448
12 x 16.....	160	192	224	256	288	320	352	384	416	448	480	512
14 x 14.....	163 $\frac{1}{2}$	196	228 $\frac{3}{4}$	261 $\frac{1}{2}$	294	326 $\frac{3}{4}$	359 $\frac{1}{2}$	392	424 $\frac{3}{4}$	457 $\frac{1}{2}$	490	522 $\frac{3}{4}$
14 x 16.....	186 $\frac{3}{4}$	224	261 $\frac{3}{4}$	298 $\frac{3}{4}$	336	373 $\frac{3}{4}$	410 $\frac{3}{4}$	448	485 $\frac{3}{4}$	522 $\frac{3}{4}$	560	597 $\frac{3}{4}$

Average Weight of
Arkansas Soft Pine

When Worked to Standard Size

DRY			
*Flooring, $\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{3}{4}$	1,800	Grooved Roofing.....	2,300
Flooring, $\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,900	Common Boards and Fencing, 1x4, 6, 8, 10 inch, S 1 S	
Flooring, $\frac{3}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,100	or S 2 S to $\frac{3}{4}$	2,400
Ceiling, $\frac{3}{4}$	900	Common Boards, 1x12, S 1 S or S 2 S to $\frac{3}{4}$	2,500
Ceiling, $\frac{1}{2}$	1,100	Industrial Standard Boards, 1 inch, 8 to 12 inches, $\frac{13}{16}$	2,600
Ceiling, $\frac{1}{4}$	1,400	Common Boards and Fencing, 1x4, 6, 8, 10 inch,	
Ceiling, $\frac{1}{16}$	1,700	rough.....	3,300
Partition, $\frac{3}{4}$	1,800	Common Boards, 1x12, rough.....	3,400
Siding, from inch stock.....	1,000	2x4, 2x6, and 2x8, S 1 S 1 E to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,500
Siding, from 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch stock.....	1,250	2x4, 2x6 and 2x8, rough.....	3,300
Drop Siding, $\frac{3}{4}$ and Moulded Casing.....	1,800	2x10 and 2x12, S 1 S 1 E to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,600
Moulded Base.....	2,000	2x10 and 2x12, rough.....	3,300
Finish, inch S 1 S or S 2 S, $\frac{3}{4}$	2,400	Industrial Standard 2x4, 2x6, 2x8, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,700
Finish, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S.....	2,700	Industrial Standard 2x10, 2x12, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,800
Finish, 1, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ and 2 inch, rough.....	3,200		
Industrial Standard Finish, 1 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S to $\frac{13}{16}$	2,500		
Industrial Standard Finish, 2 inch, S 1 S or S 2 S to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,900		
SHIPPING DRY			
1x4, S 2 S and C. M., $\frac{3}{4}$	2,100	2x14 and 3x12, S 1 S 1 E.....	3,500
1x6, S 1 S and C. M., $\frac{3}{4}$	2,200	2x14 and 3x12, rough.....	4,200
Shiplap and D. & M., $\frac{3}{4}$	2,300	3x4 and 6x6, S 1 S 1 E.....	3,500
		4x4 and 6x8, rough.....	4,200
		8x8 and over, rough.....	4,200
GREEN			
		Plastering Lath, dry.....	500
		Byrkit Lath, dry.....	1,650

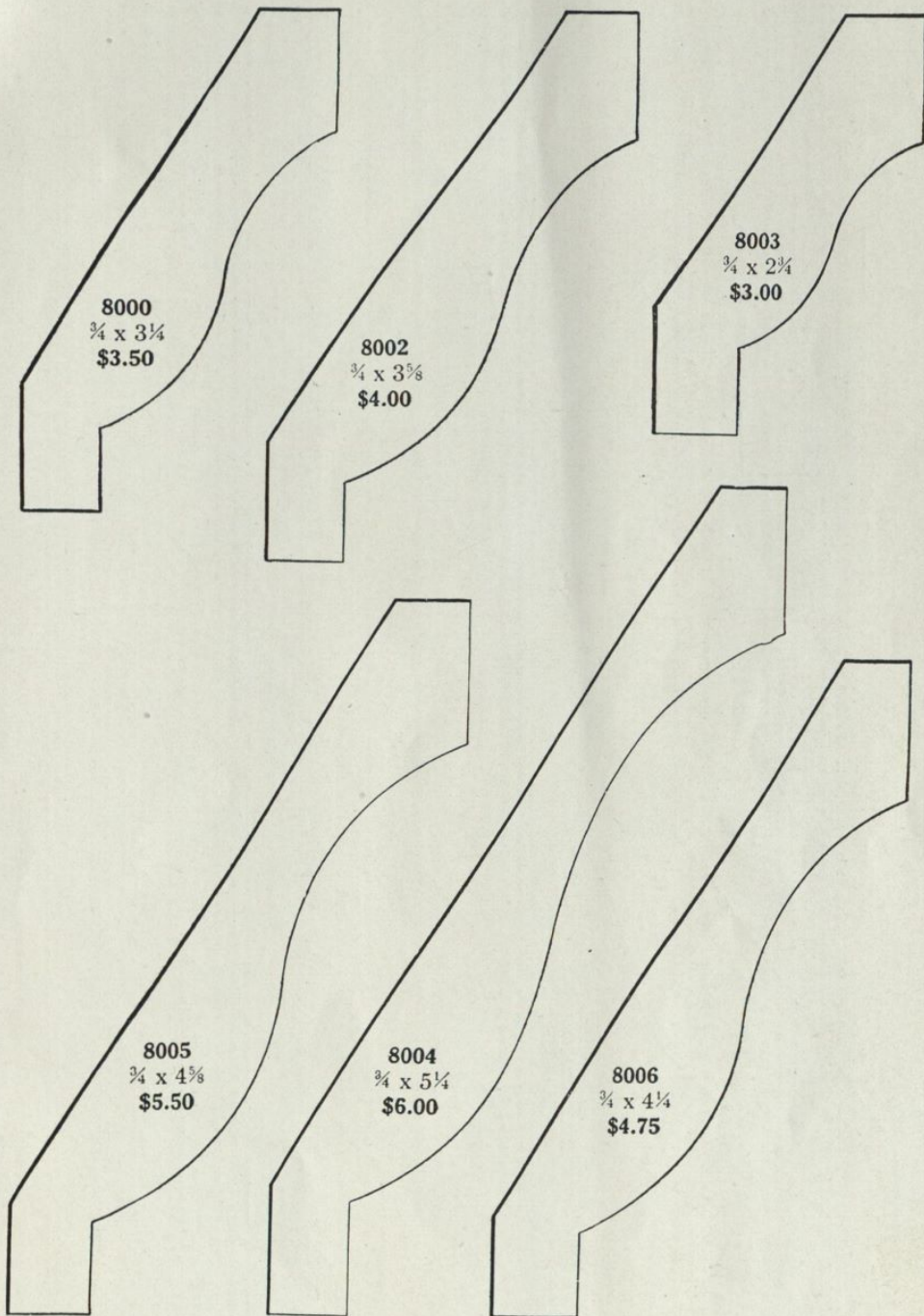
*For hollow back flooring, ceiling and drop siding, deduct 100 lbs.

TABLE OF SIZES

Showing Finished Sizes Obtainable from Rough Sizes with Least Waste.

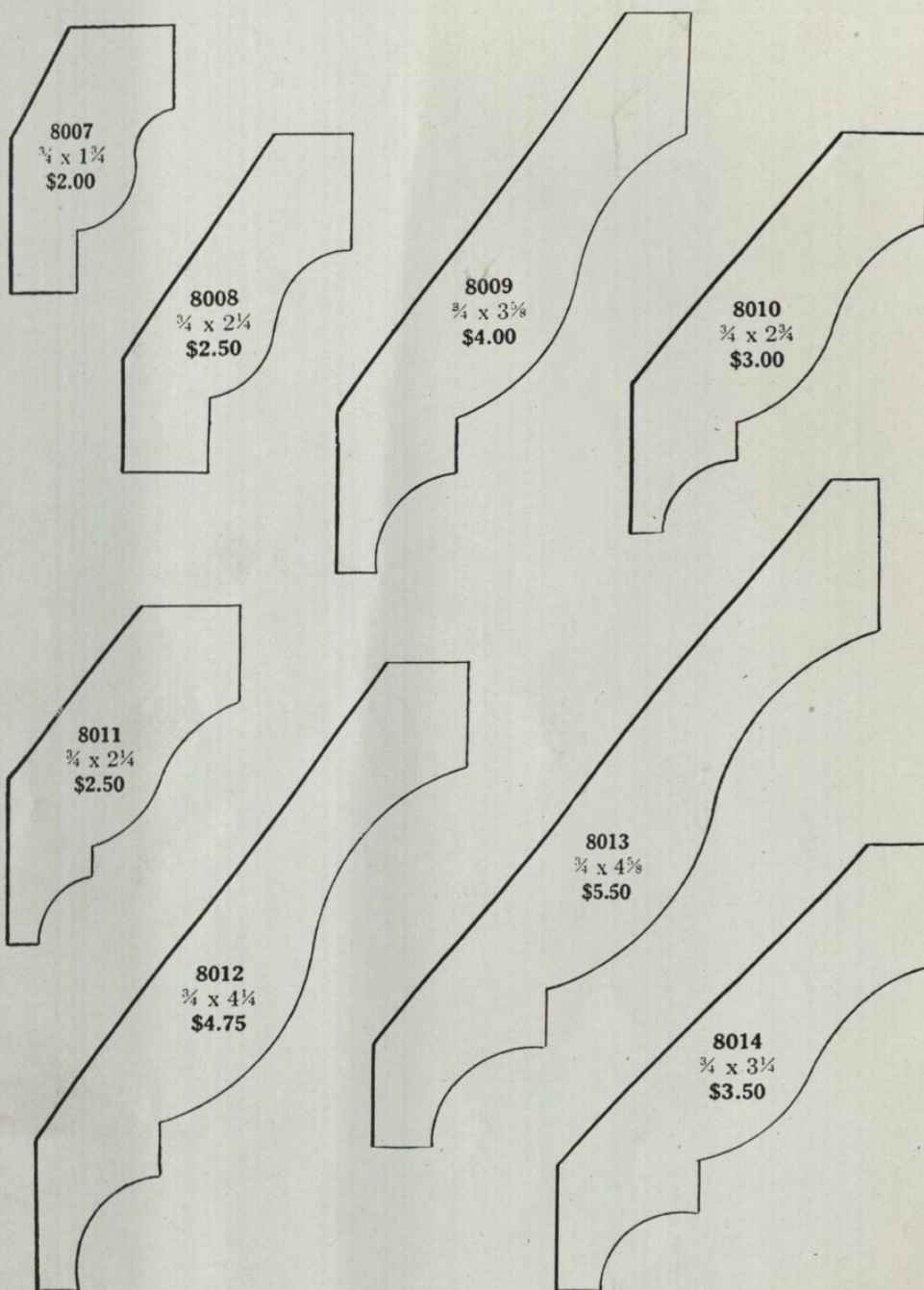
Finished size of Moulding	Necessary width of rough strip to make it.	Width necessary to count when ripping from stock widths of lumber.	What to rip to make least waste.	Lineal feet that can be ripped from 1,000 feet of lumber.	Available lineal feet allowing 10% for trimming and de- fective pieces.	Weight per 100 lineal feet in lbs.
$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times \frac{3}{4}$	1x1	1x4	12,000	10,800	16
$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$	1x1	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	1x4	9,000	8,100	18
$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{3}$	1x4	9,000	8,100	18
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	1x6	8,000	7,200	20
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$	1x8	7,500	6,750	22
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	1x2	1x4	6,000	5,400	24
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{5}{8}$	1x2	1x4	6,000	5,400	26
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 1\frac{3}{4}$	1x2	1x4	6,000	5,400	28
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{5}{8}$	$1 \times 1\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1x10	4,800	4,320	30
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$	1x2	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1x10	4,800	4,320	32
$\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1x10	4,800	4,320	34
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	1x10	4,800	4,320	36
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{2}{3}$	1x8	4,500	4,050	38
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 2\frac{2}{3}$	1x8	4,500	4,050	40
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{5}{8}$	1x3	1x6	4,000	3,600	42
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 2\frac{3}{4}$	1x3	1x6	4,000	3,600	44
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{5}{8}$	$1 \times 2\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	1x10	3,600	3,240	46
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{3}{4}$	1x3	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	1x10	3,600	3,240	48
$\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{3}$	1x10	3,600	3,240	50
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{4}$	1x4	1x4	3,000	2,700	52
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{3}{8}$	1x4	1x4	3,000	2,700	54
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 3\frac{1}{2}$	1x4	1x4	3,000	2,700	56
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 3\frac{5}{8}$	1x4	1x4	3,000	2,700	58
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 3\frac{3}{4}$	1x4	1x4	3,000	2,700	60
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{3}{4}$	1x4	1x4	1x4	3,000	2,700	64
$\frac{3}{4} \times 3\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{8}$	1x10	2,400	2,160	66
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	1x10	2,400	2,160	68
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{5}{8}$	1x10	2,400	2,160	70
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$	1x10	2,400	2,160	72
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{5}{8}$	1x5	1x10	2,400	2,160	74
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 4\frac{3}{4}$	1x5	1x10	2,400	2,160	76
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$	$1 \times 4\frac{7}{8}$	1x5	1x10	2,400	2,160	78
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{3}{4}$	1x5	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	1x10	2,400	2,160	80
$\frac{3}{4} \times 4\frac{7}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{3}{8}$	1x6	2,000	1,800	82
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	1x6	2,000	1,800	84
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{3}{8}$	1x6	1x6	2,000	1,800	86
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	$1 \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	1x6	1x6	2,000	1,800	88
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{3}{8}$	$1 \times 5\frac{5}{8}$	1x6	1x6	2,000	1,800	90
$\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$	$1 \times 5\frac{3}{4}$	1x6	1x6	2,000	1,800	92

CROWN MOULDINGS



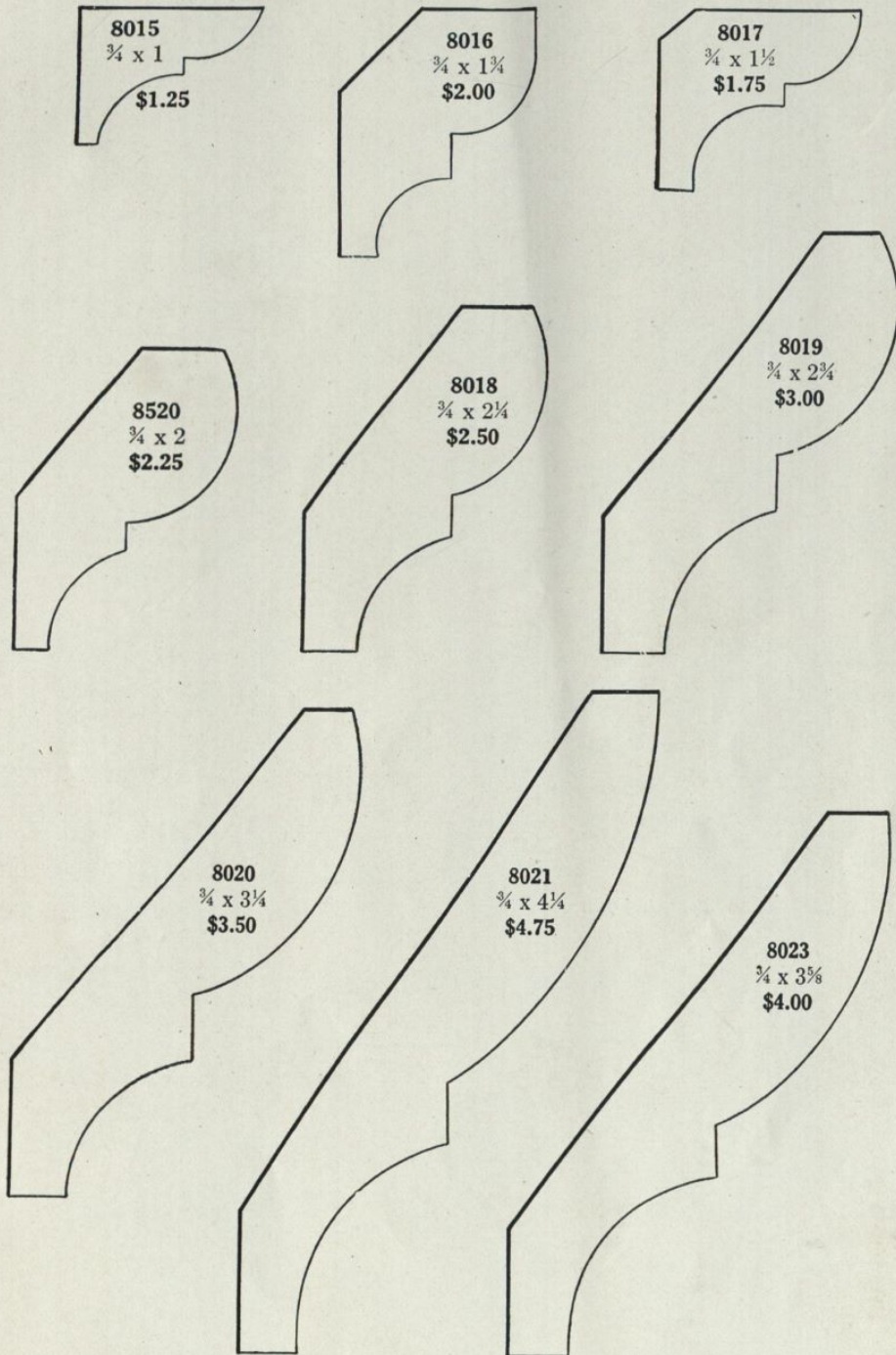
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CROWN MOULDINGS



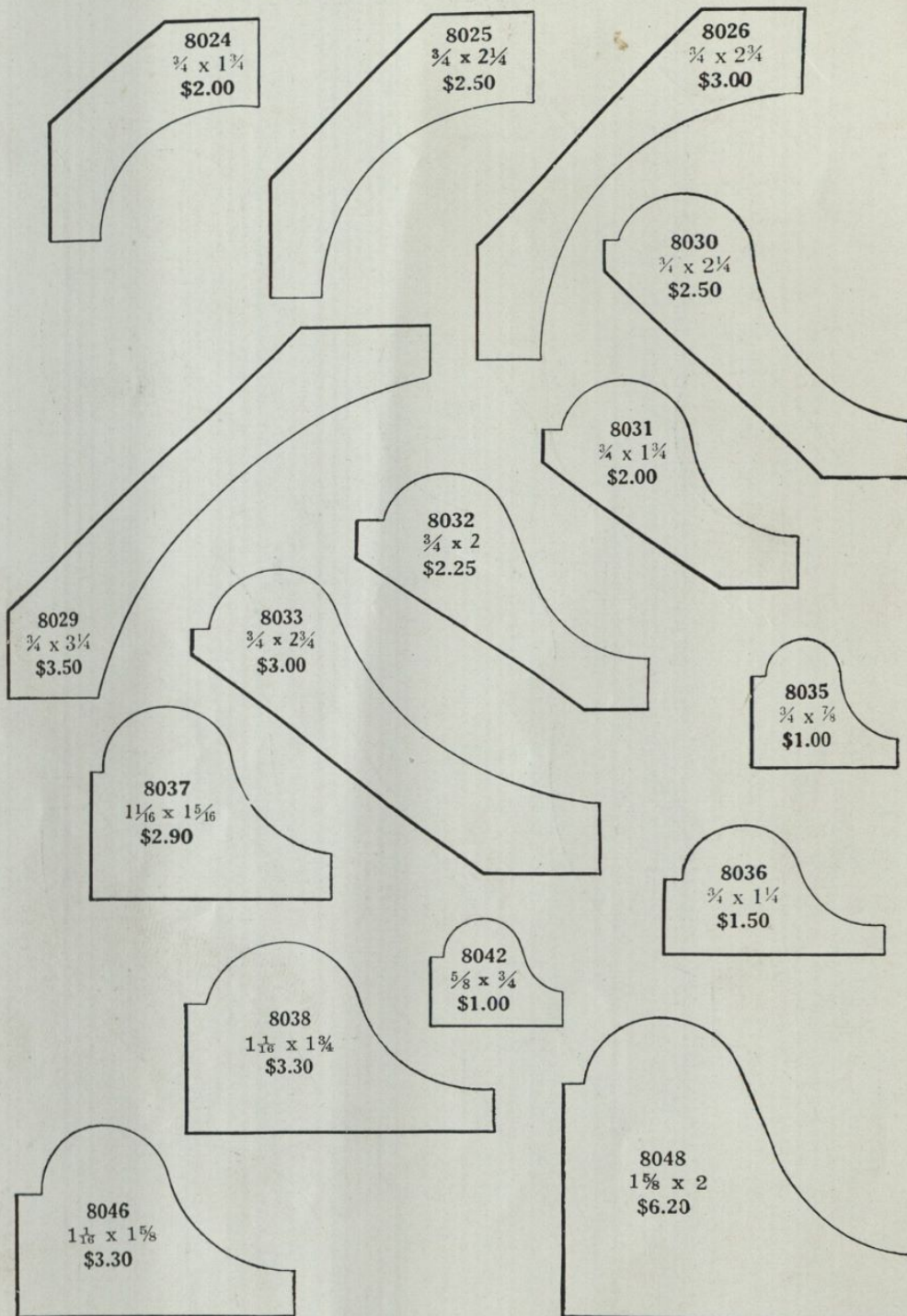
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CROWN and BED MOULDINGS



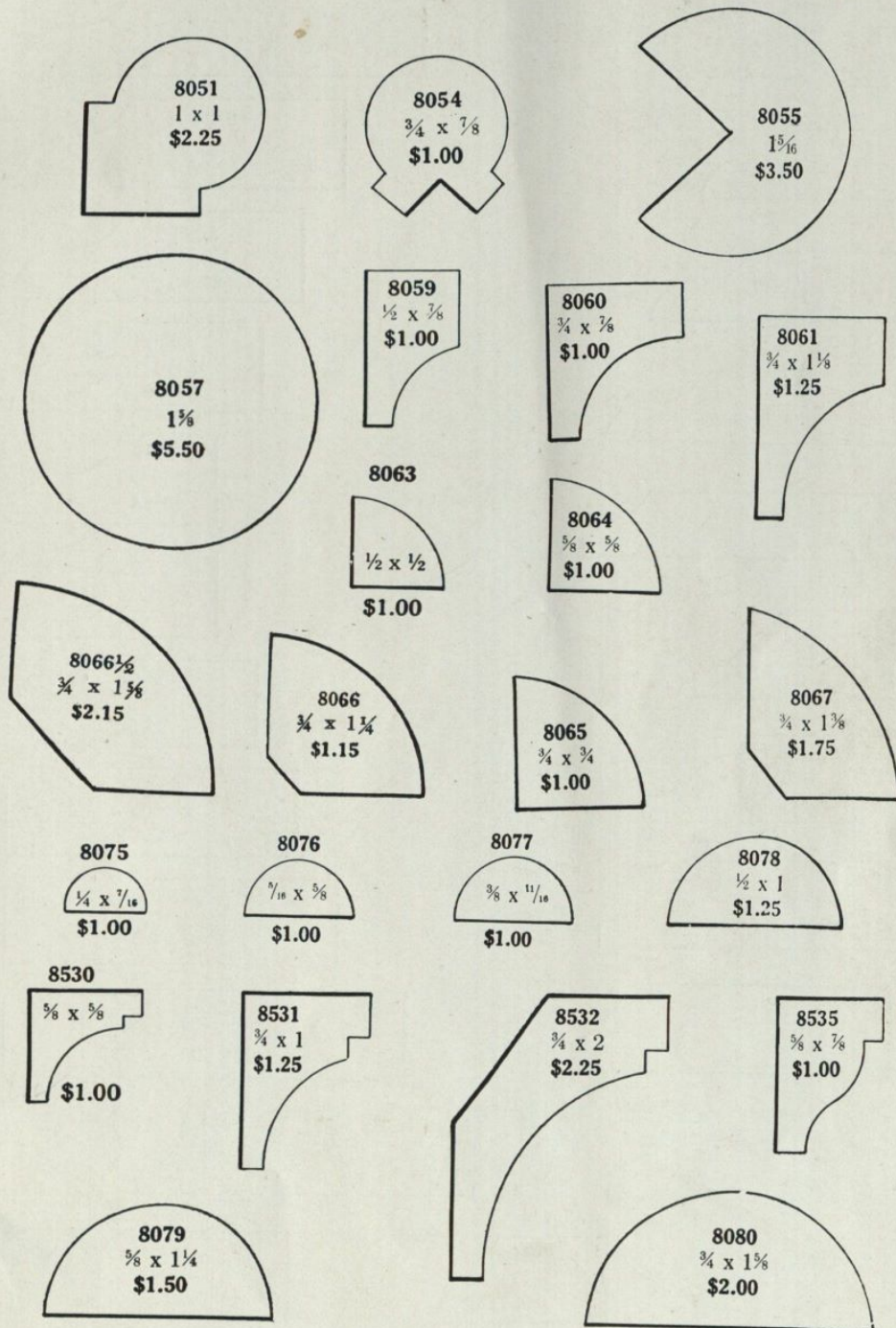
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SPRUNG COVE, BED and BRICK MOULDINGS



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

COVES, QUARTER ROUNDS, HALF ROUNDS and ROUNDS










Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

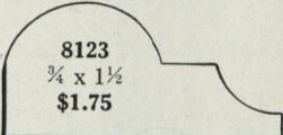
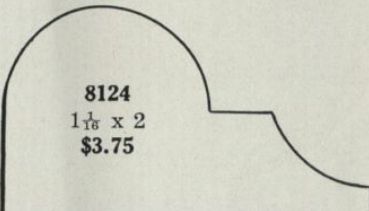
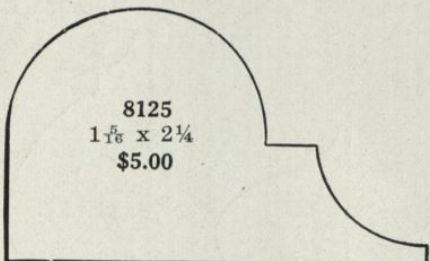
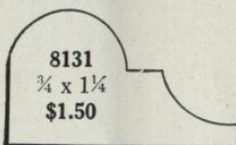
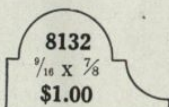
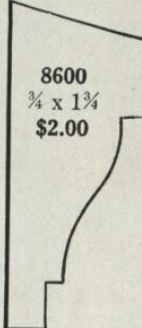
WINDOW AND DOOR STOPS

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<div data-bbox="222 421 441 488"> 8083 $\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$ </div> <div data-bbox="237 498 295 521">\$1.00</div>	<div data-bbox="806 380 1154 471"> 8094 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$ \$2.25 </div>
<div data-bbox="222 546 492 614"> 8084 $\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ </div> <div data-bbox="237 624 295 647">\$1.10</div>	<div data-bbox="848 496 1154 587"> 8095 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ \$2.00 </div>
<div data-bbox="222 670 535 738"> 8085 $\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ </div> <div data-bbox="237 747 295 770">\$1.40</div>	<div data-bbox="892 612 1154 703"> 8096 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ \$1.50 </div>
<div data-bbox="222 795 579 863"> 8086 $\frac{3}{8} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ </div> <div data-bbox="237 873 295 896">\$1.60</div>	<div data-bbox="950 728 1160 819"> 8097 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ \$1.25 </div>
<div data-bbox="222 921 441 1008"> 8089 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$ \$1.25 </div>	<div data-bbox="950 852 1160 942"> 8540 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$ \$1.25 </div>
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<div data-bbox="608 1435 870 1524"> 8116 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ \$1.50 </div>	<div data-bbox="950 1435 1169 1524"> 8117 $\frac{1}{2} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ \$1.25 </div>
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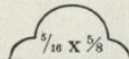
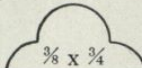
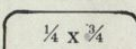
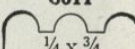
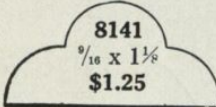
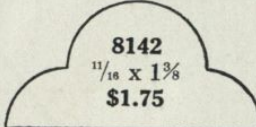
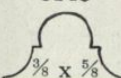
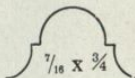
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

STOPS, NOSINGS and SCREEN MOULDINGS

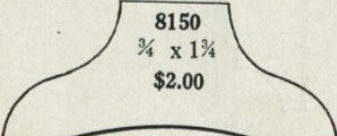
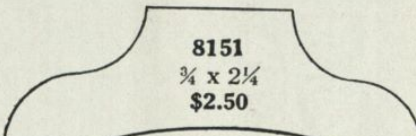
8560 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}$ 	8561 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{8}$ 	8562 $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{2}$ 	8563 $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{7}{16}$ 	8564 $\frac{7}{16} \times \frac{9}{16}$ 	8570 $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{9}{16}$ 	8571 $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{5}{8}$ 
\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.00

8123 $\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ \$1.75 	8124 $1\frac{1}{8} \times 2$ \$3.75 
8125 $1\frac{1}{8} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ \$5.00 	8131 $\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ \$1.50 
8132 $\frac{9}{16} \times \frac{7}{8}$ \$1.00 	8600 $\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{3}{4}$ \$2.00 

SCREEN MOULDINGS

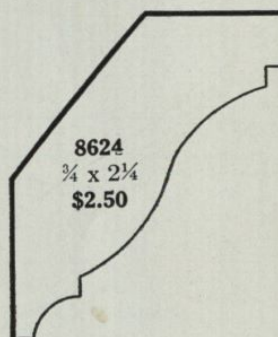
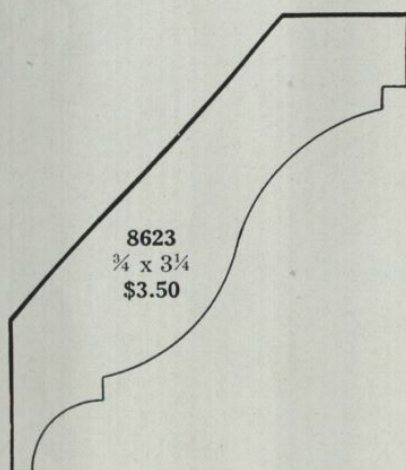
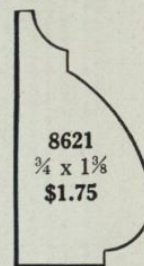
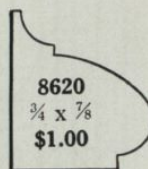
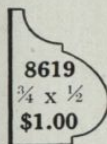
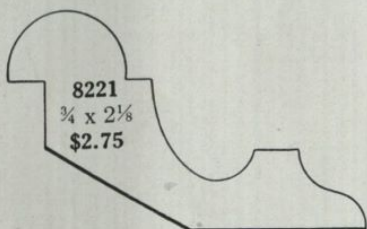
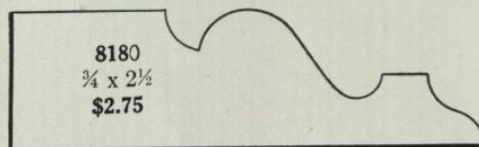
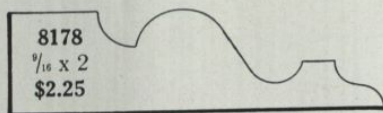
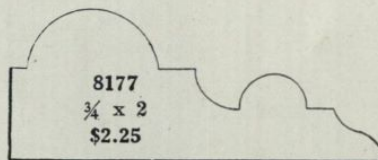
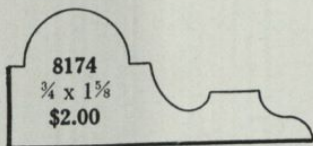
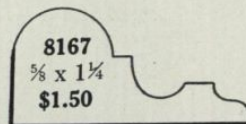
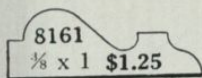
8139 $\frac{7}{16} \times \frac{5}{8}$ \$0.80 	8140 $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$0.80 	8610 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$0.80 	8611 $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$0.80 
8141 $\frac{9}{16} \times 1\frac{1}{8}$ \$1.25 	8142 $1\frac{1}{16} \times 1\frac{3}{8}$ \$1.75 	8145 $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{5}{8}$ \$0.80 	8146 $\frac{7}{16} \times \frac{3}{4}$ \$1.00 

O. G. BATTS

8150 $\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ \$2.00 	8151 $\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ \$2.50 
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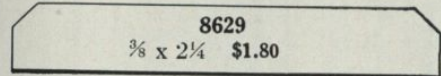
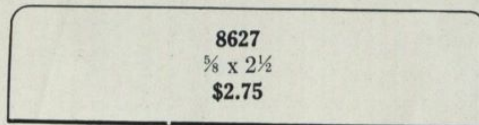
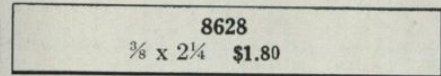
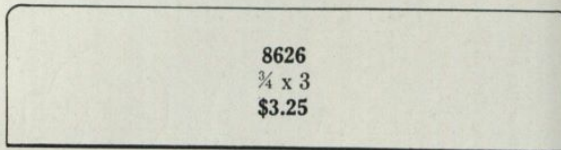
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

PANEL, BAND and CORNICE MOULDINGS

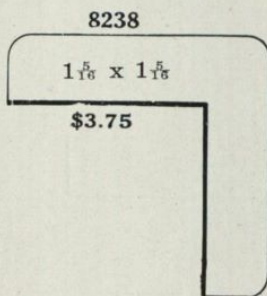


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

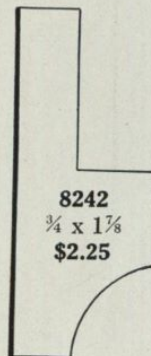
HOOK STRIPS



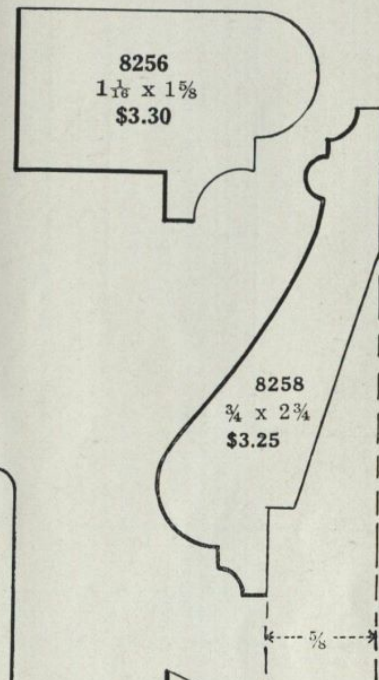
CORNER BEAD



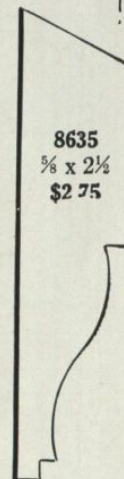
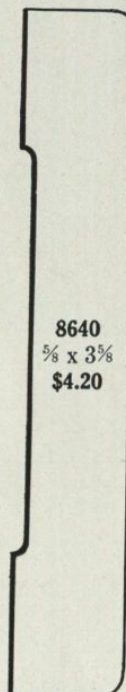
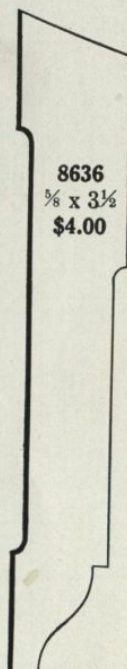
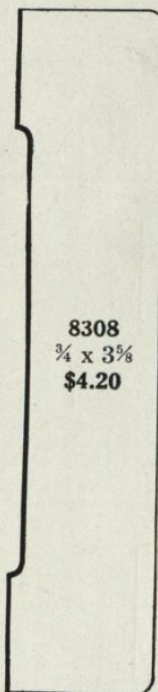
SHELF CLEAT



WAINSCOT CAPS

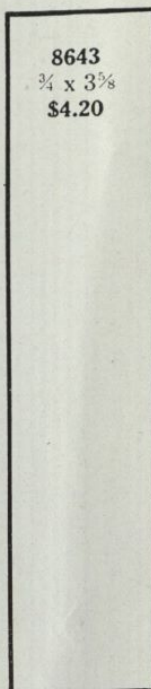
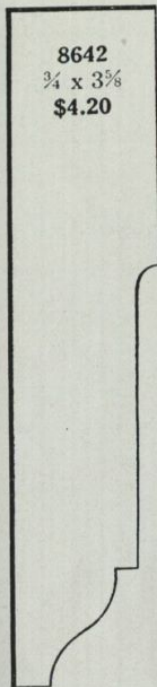
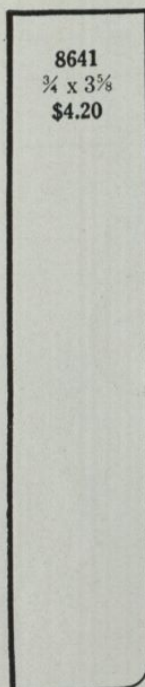


CHAIR RAIL

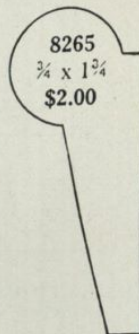
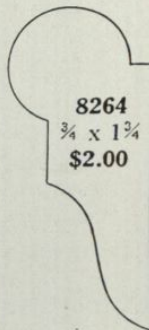
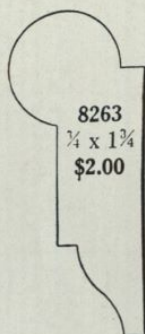


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

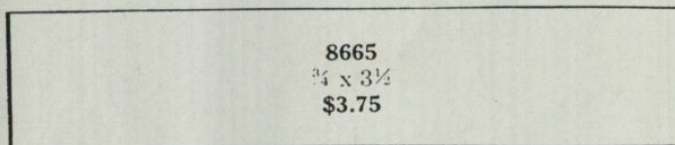
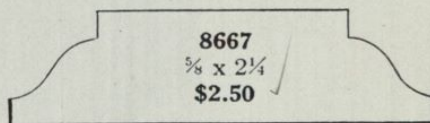
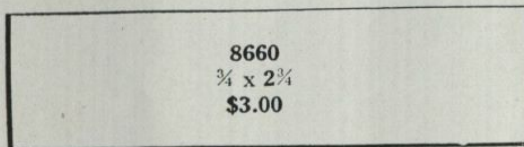
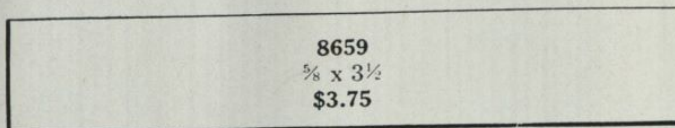
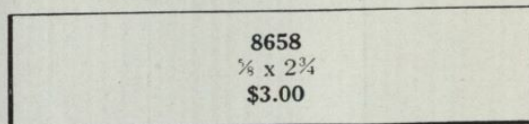
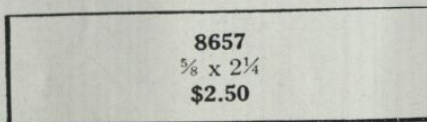
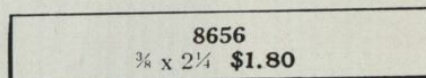
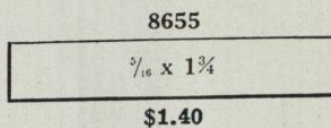
APRONS



PICTURE MOULDINGS

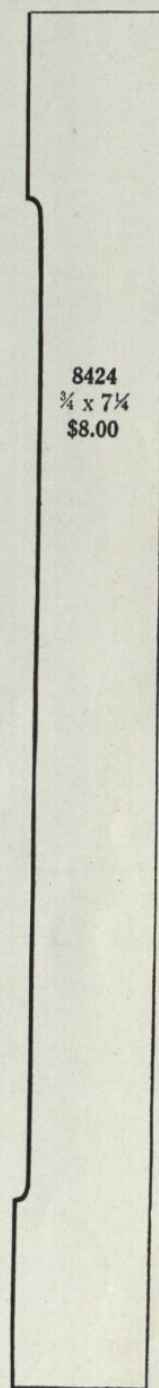
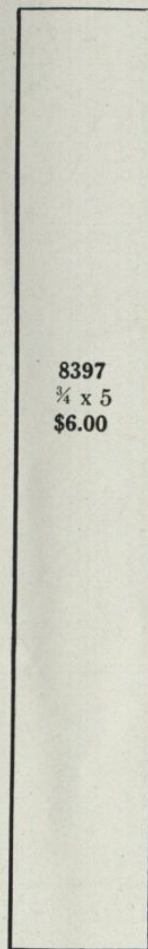
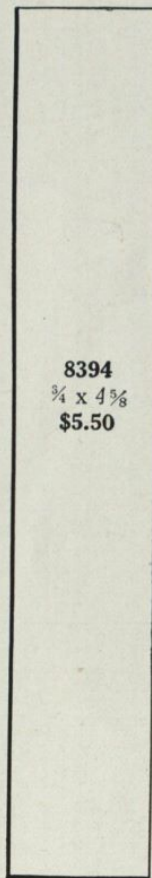
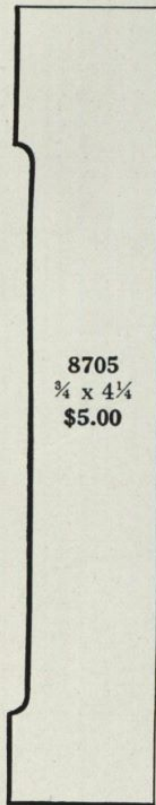


PANEL STRIPS

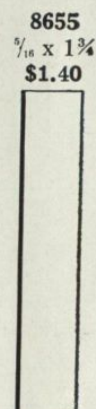
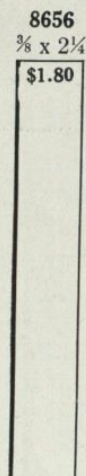
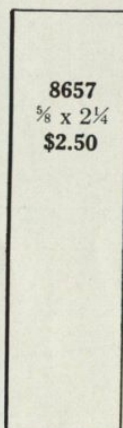
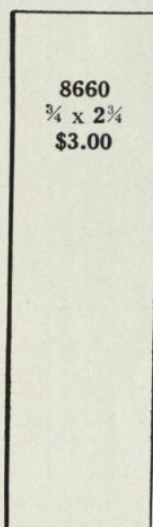


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SQUARE MEMBERS, CASING and BASE



PANEL STRIPS

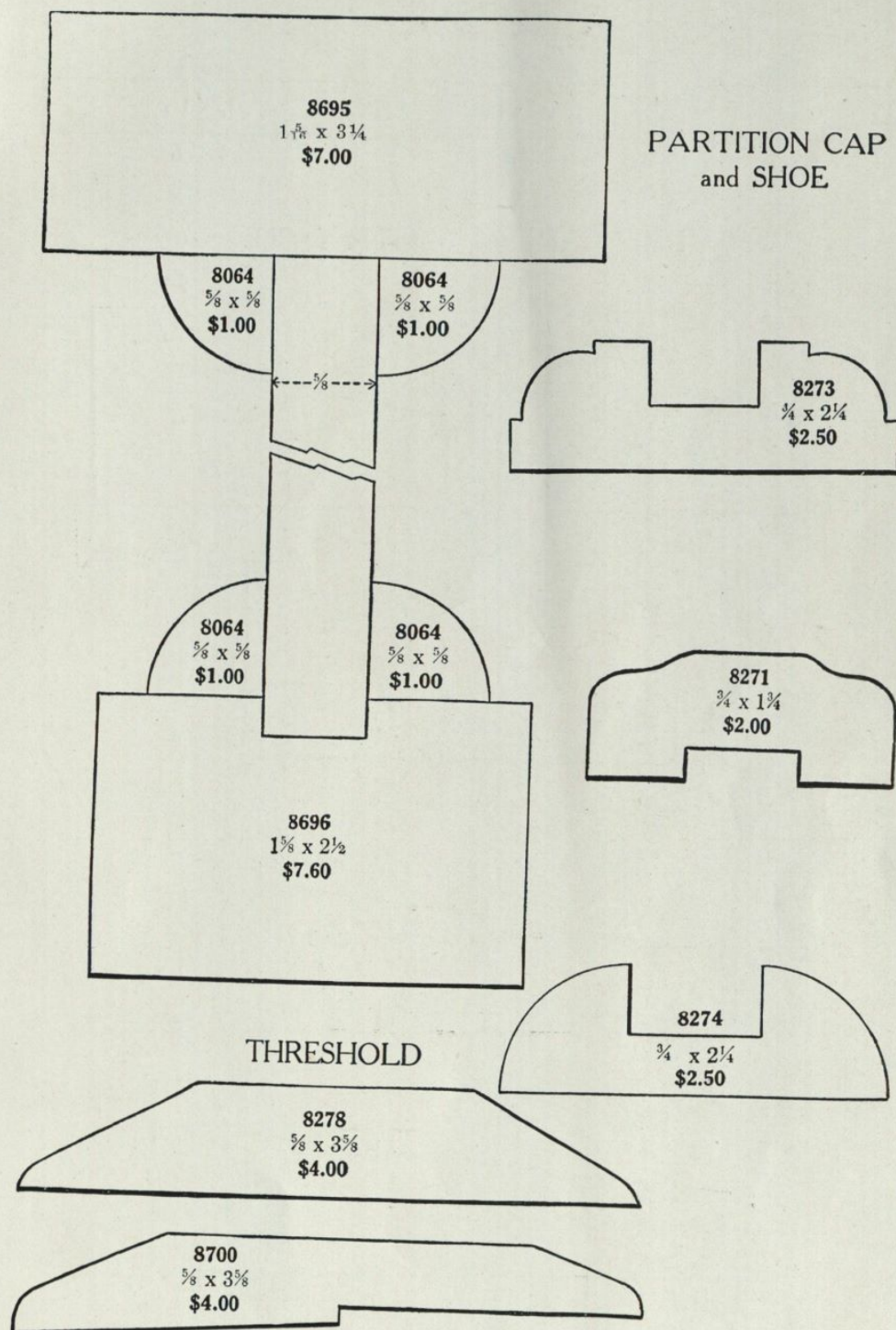


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

WINDOW STOOLS (See also page 61)

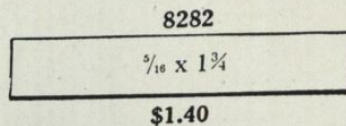
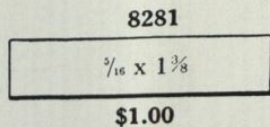
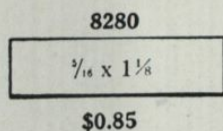


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

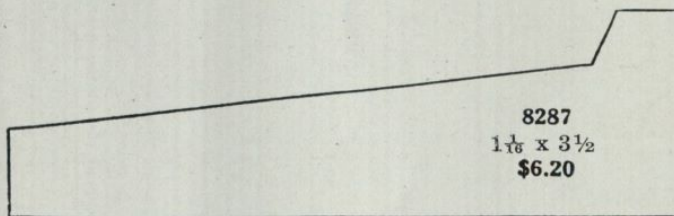
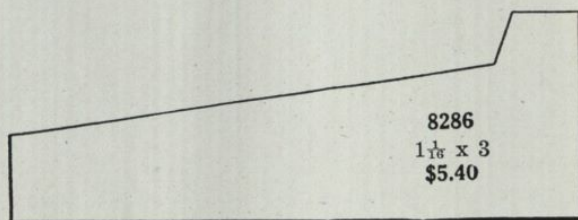
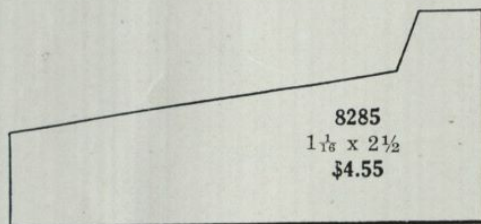
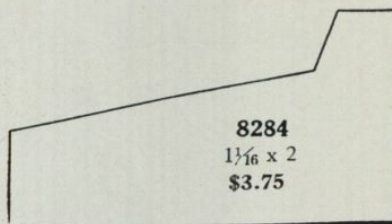
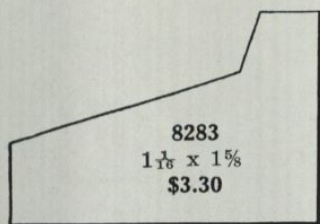


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

LATTICE

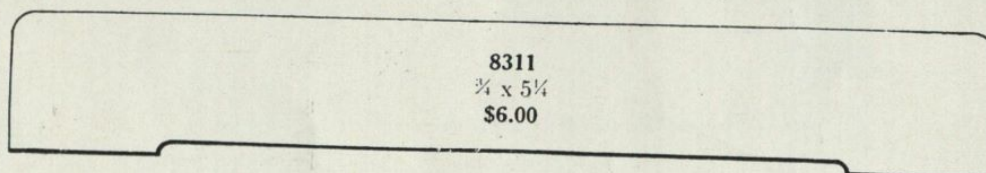
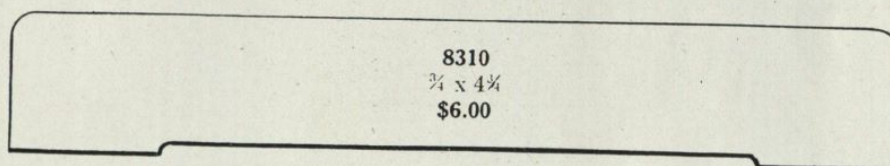
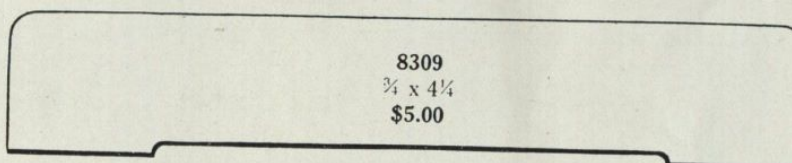
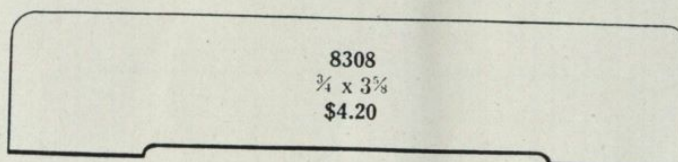
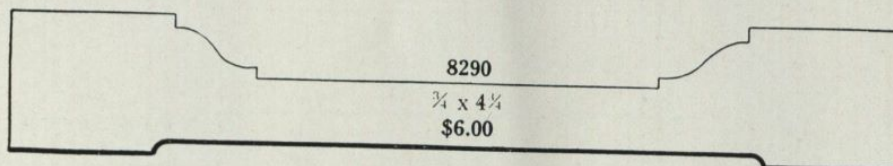
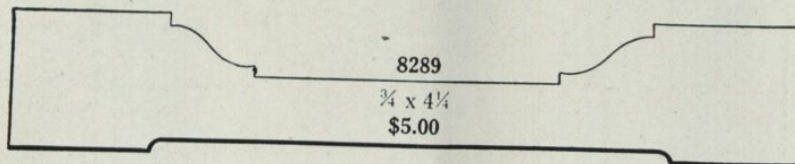


DRIP CAPS and WATER TABLE



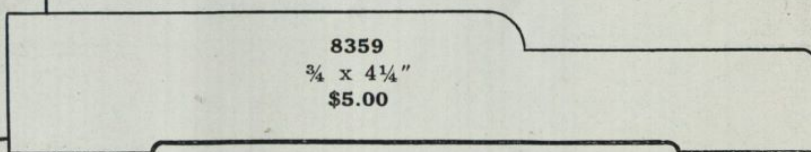
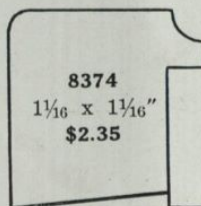
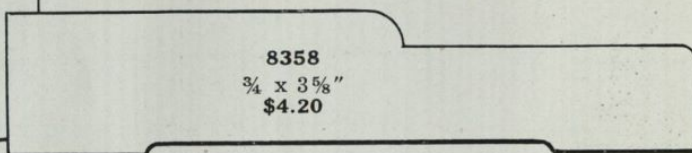
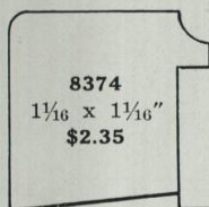
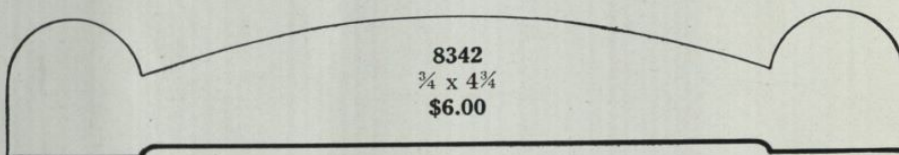
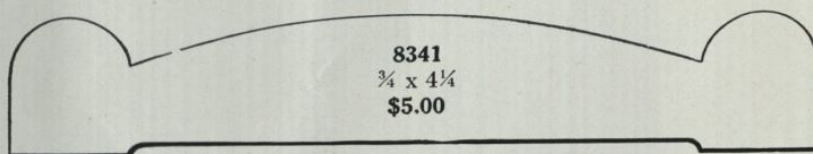
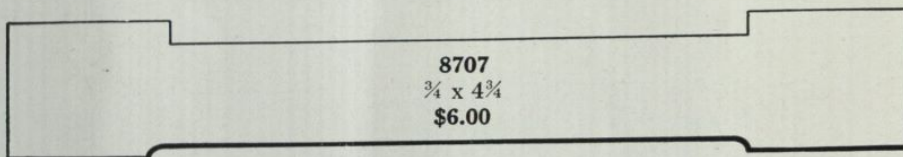
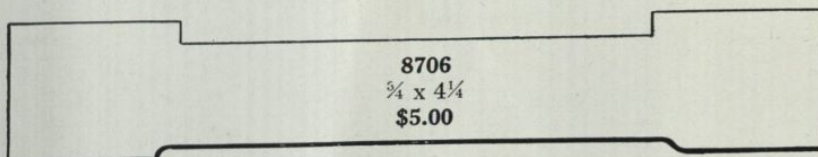
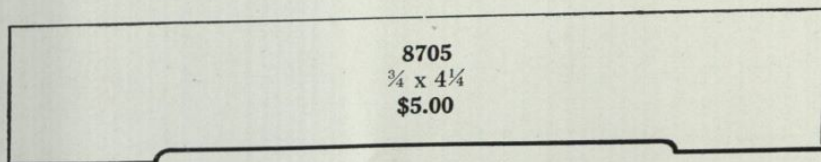
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CASINGS (See also page 61)



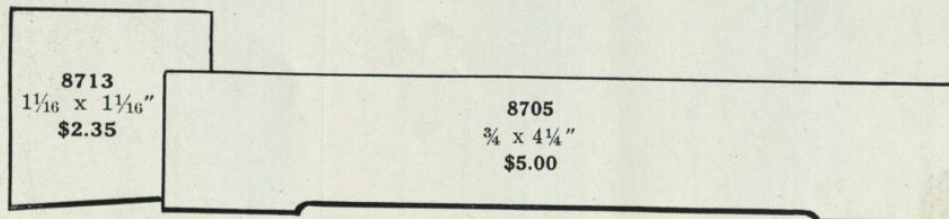
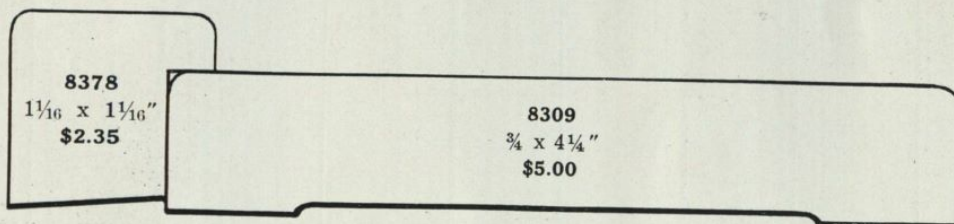
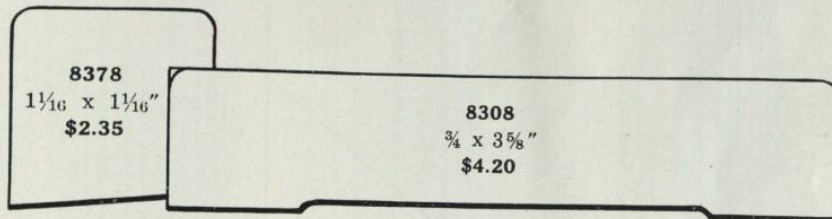
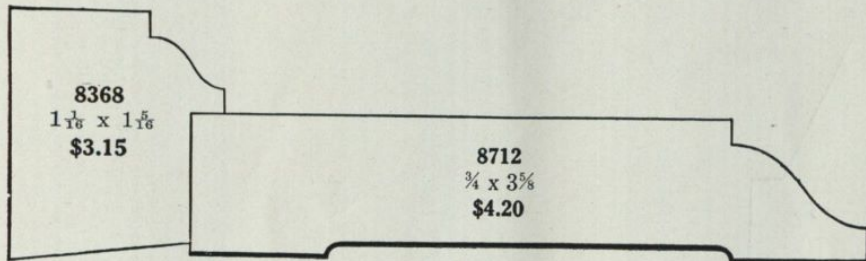
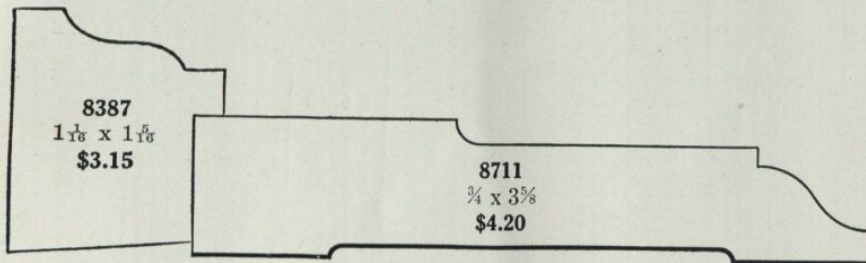
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CASING AND BACK BAND (See also page 61)



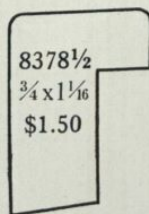
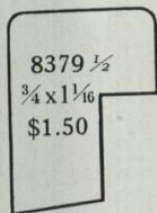
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CASINGS AND BACK BANDS (See also page 61)

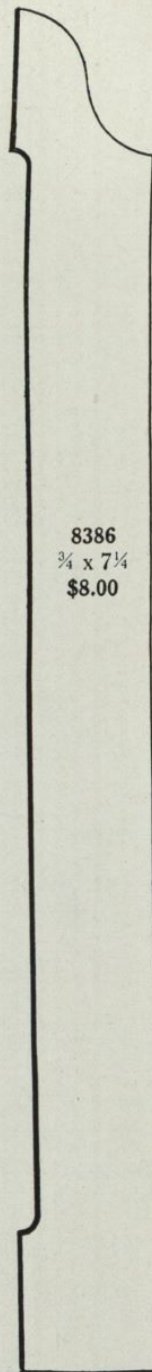
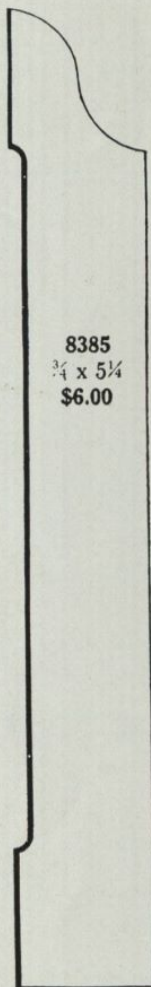
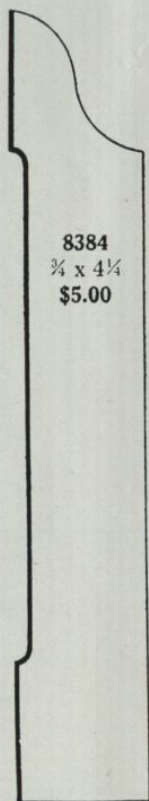
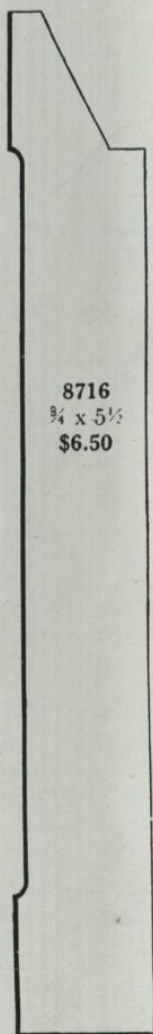


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

P. G. BASE and O. G. CASING and BASE

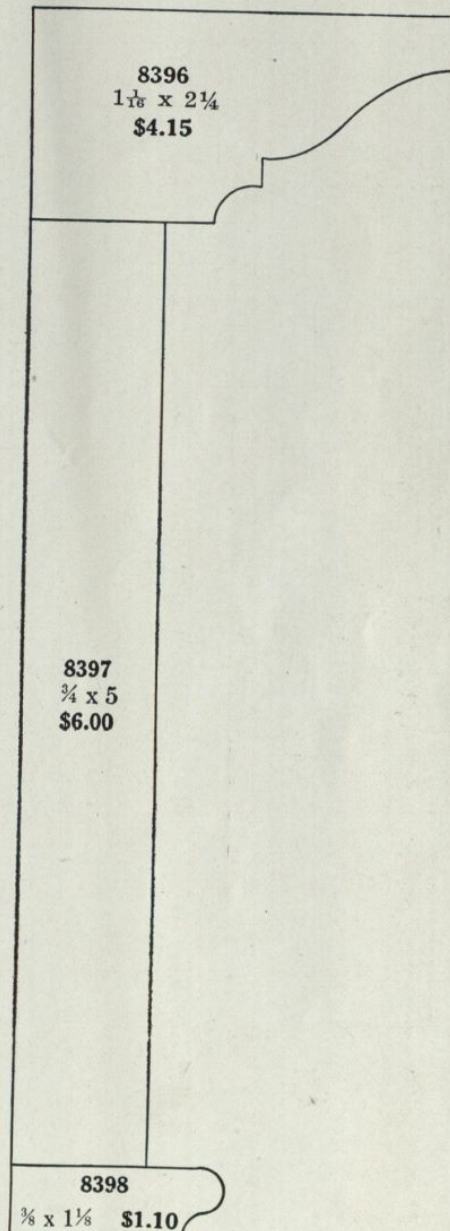
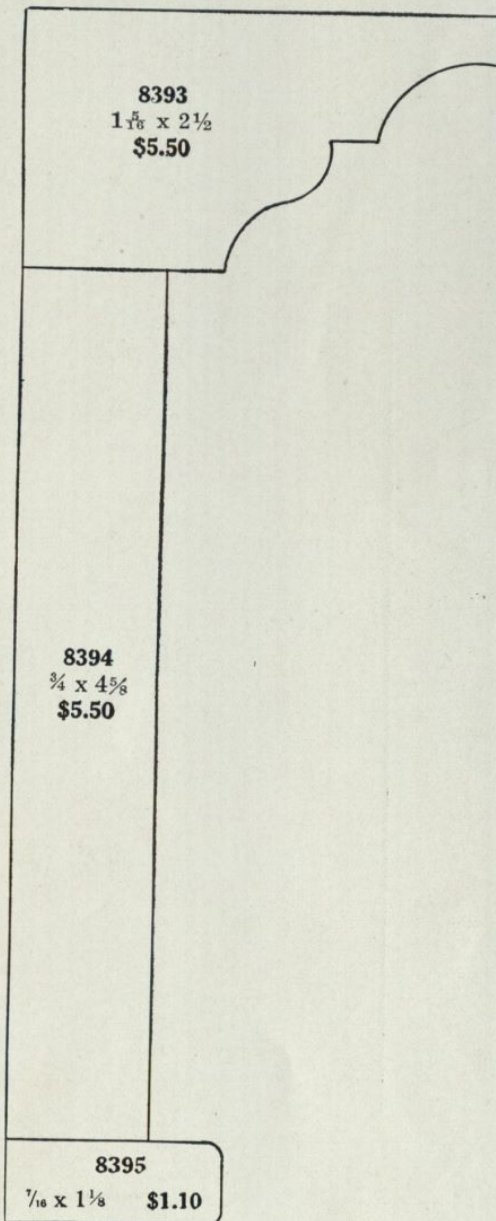
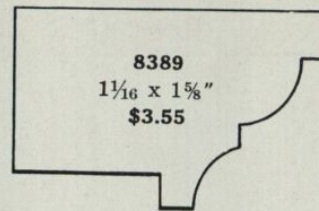
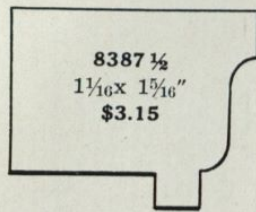


(For other back bands, see page 61)



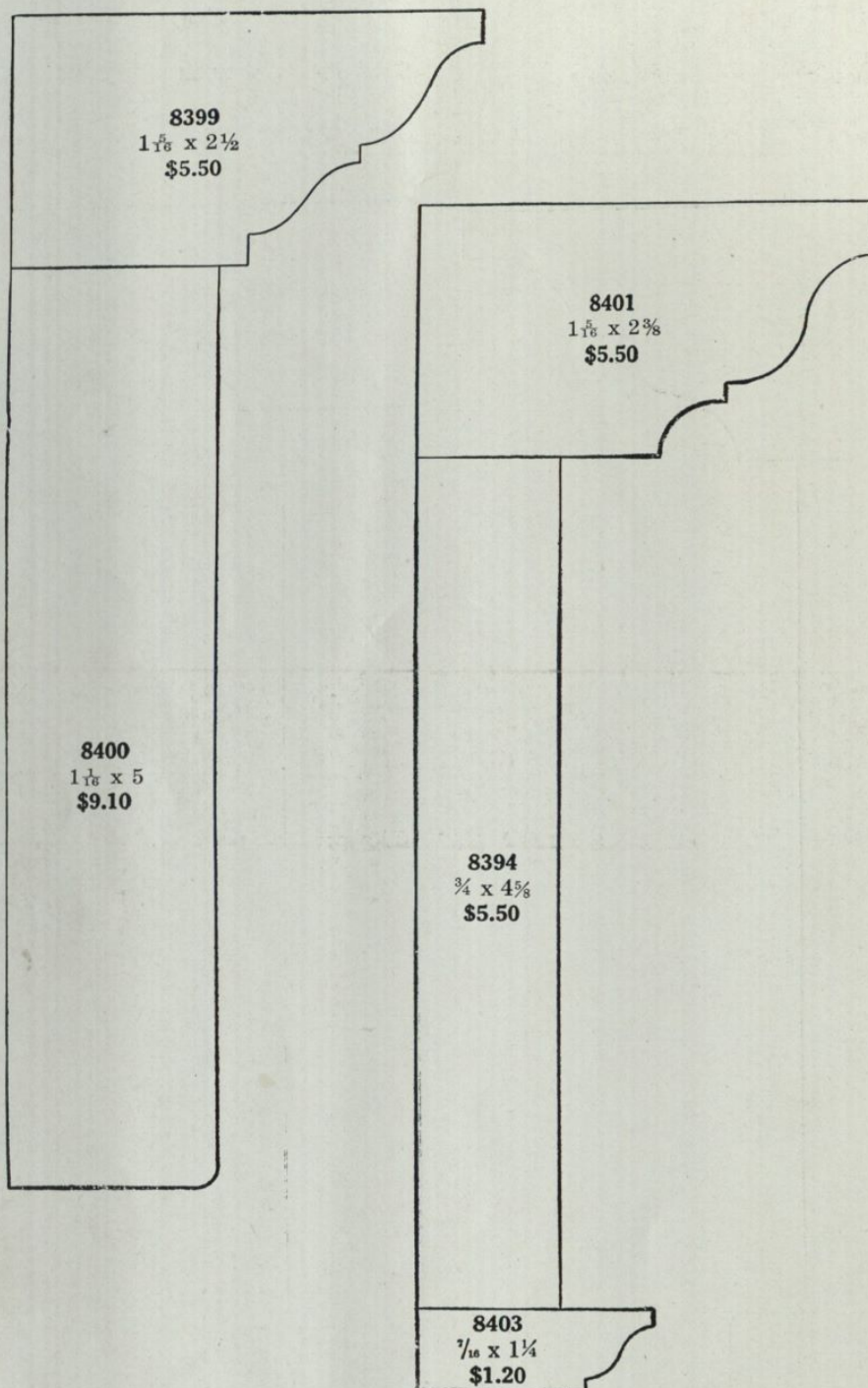
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CAP TRIM



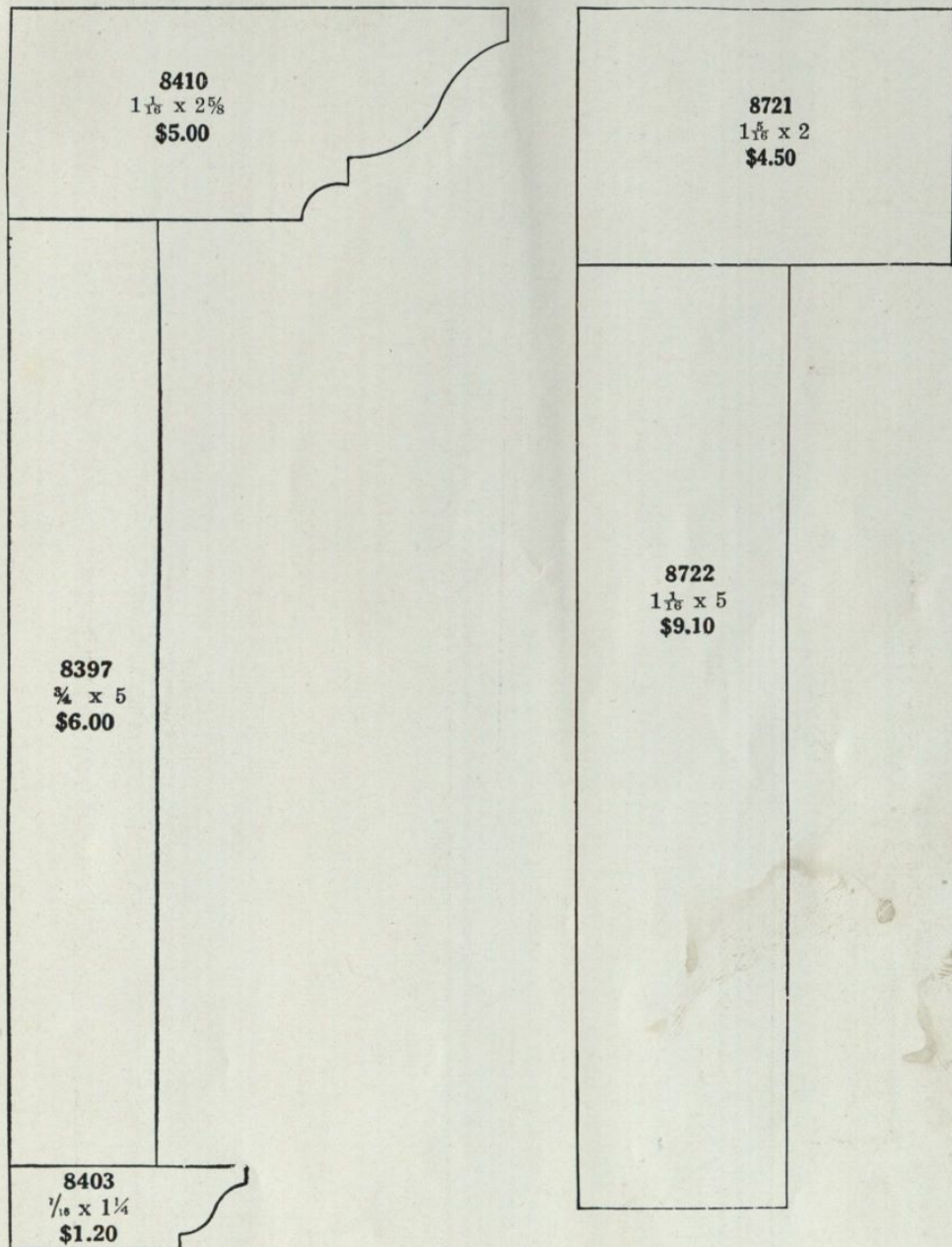
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CAP TRIM



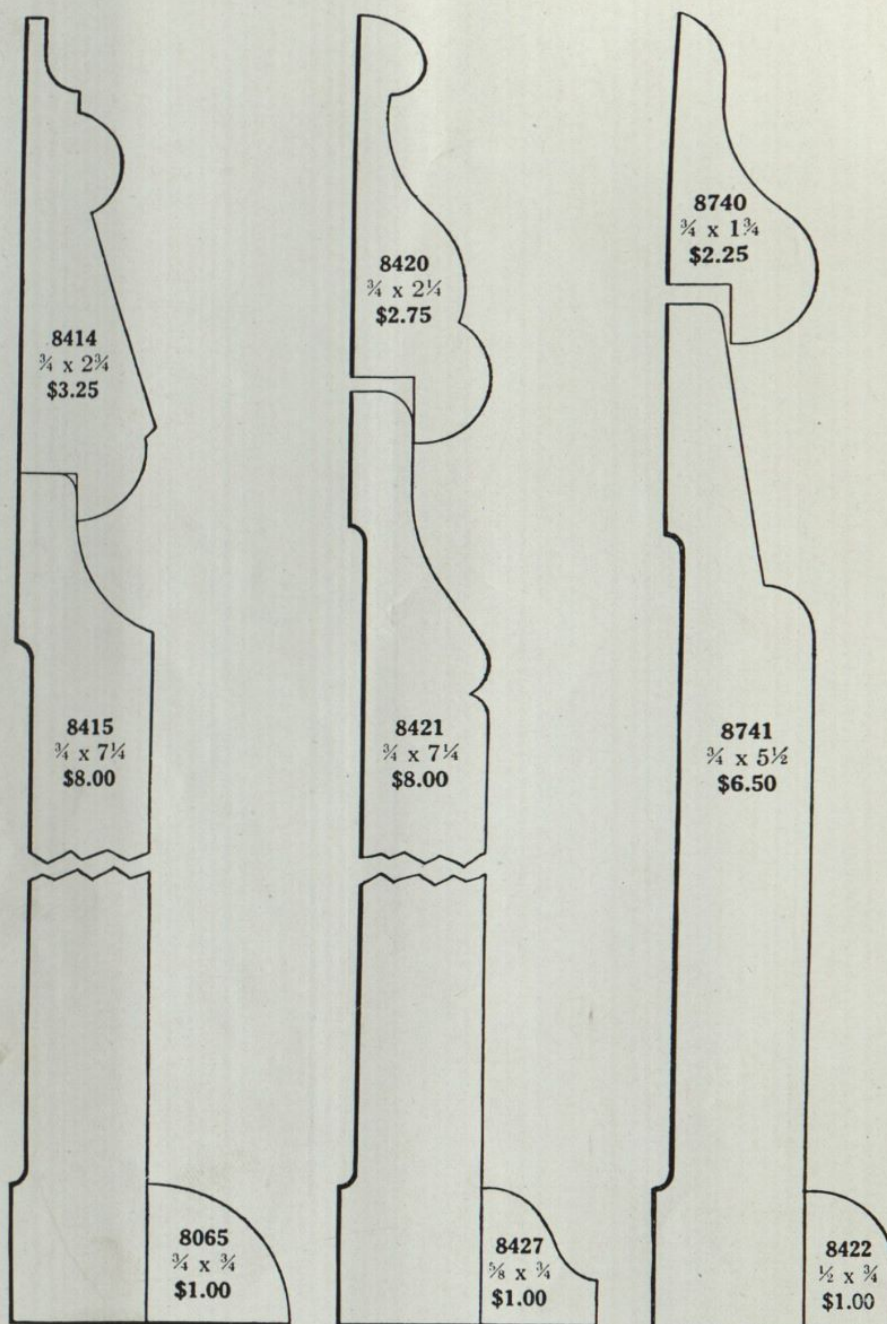
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

CAP TRIM



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

THREE-MEMBER BASE



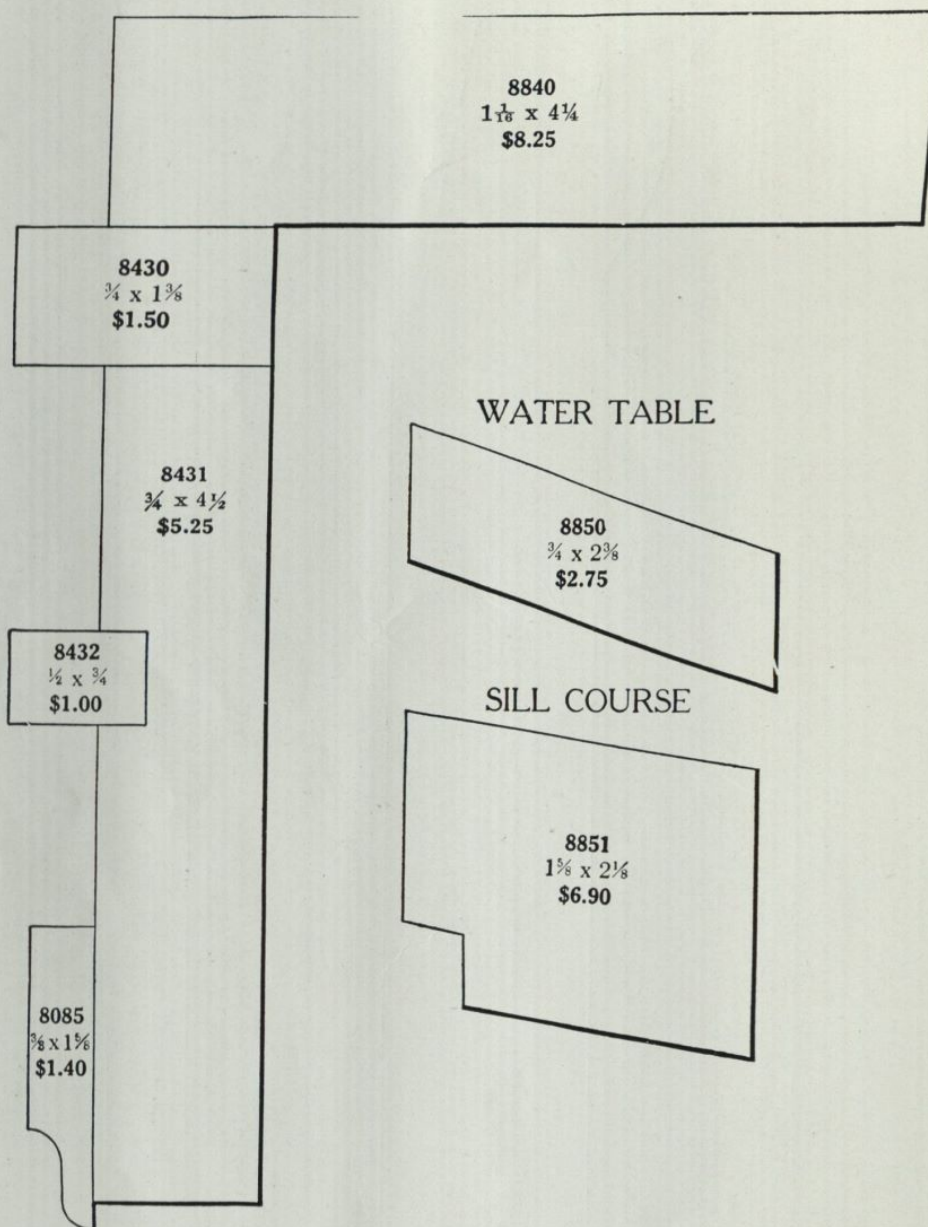
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

BASE (See also page 43)



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

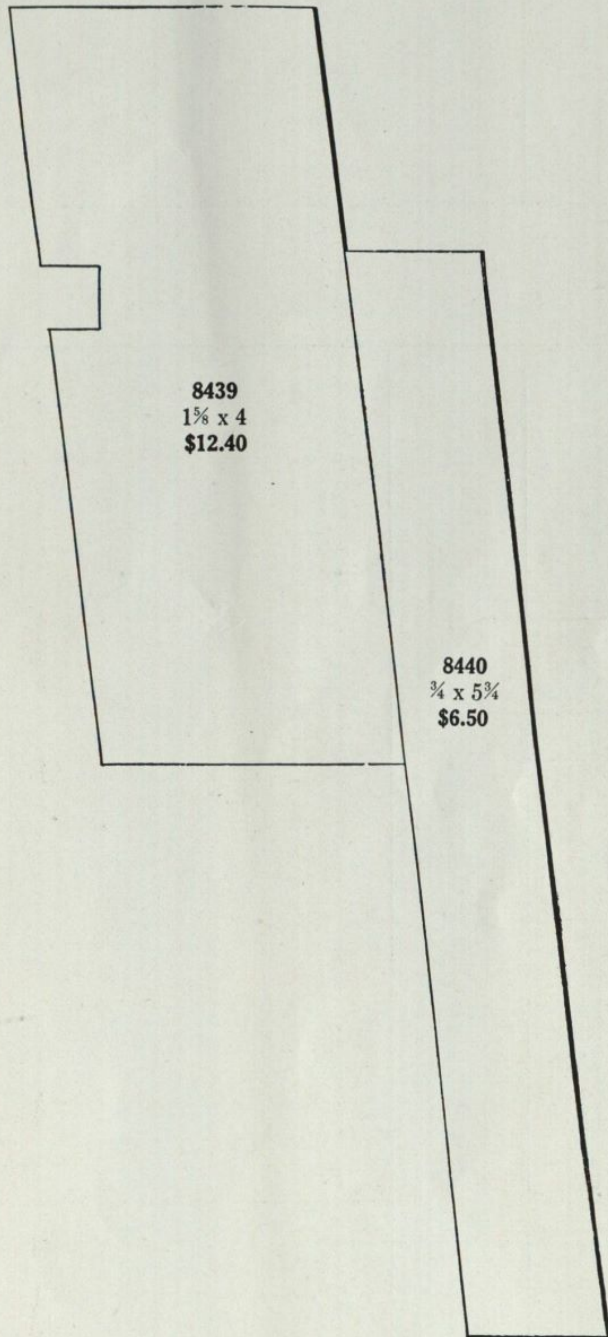
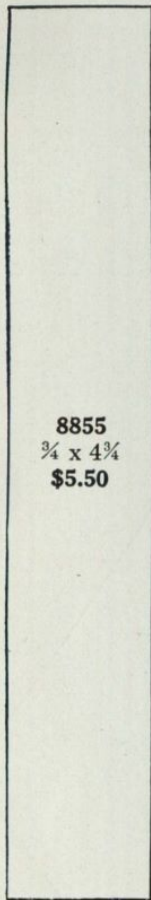
SECTION WINDOW FRAME for FRAME BUILDING



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

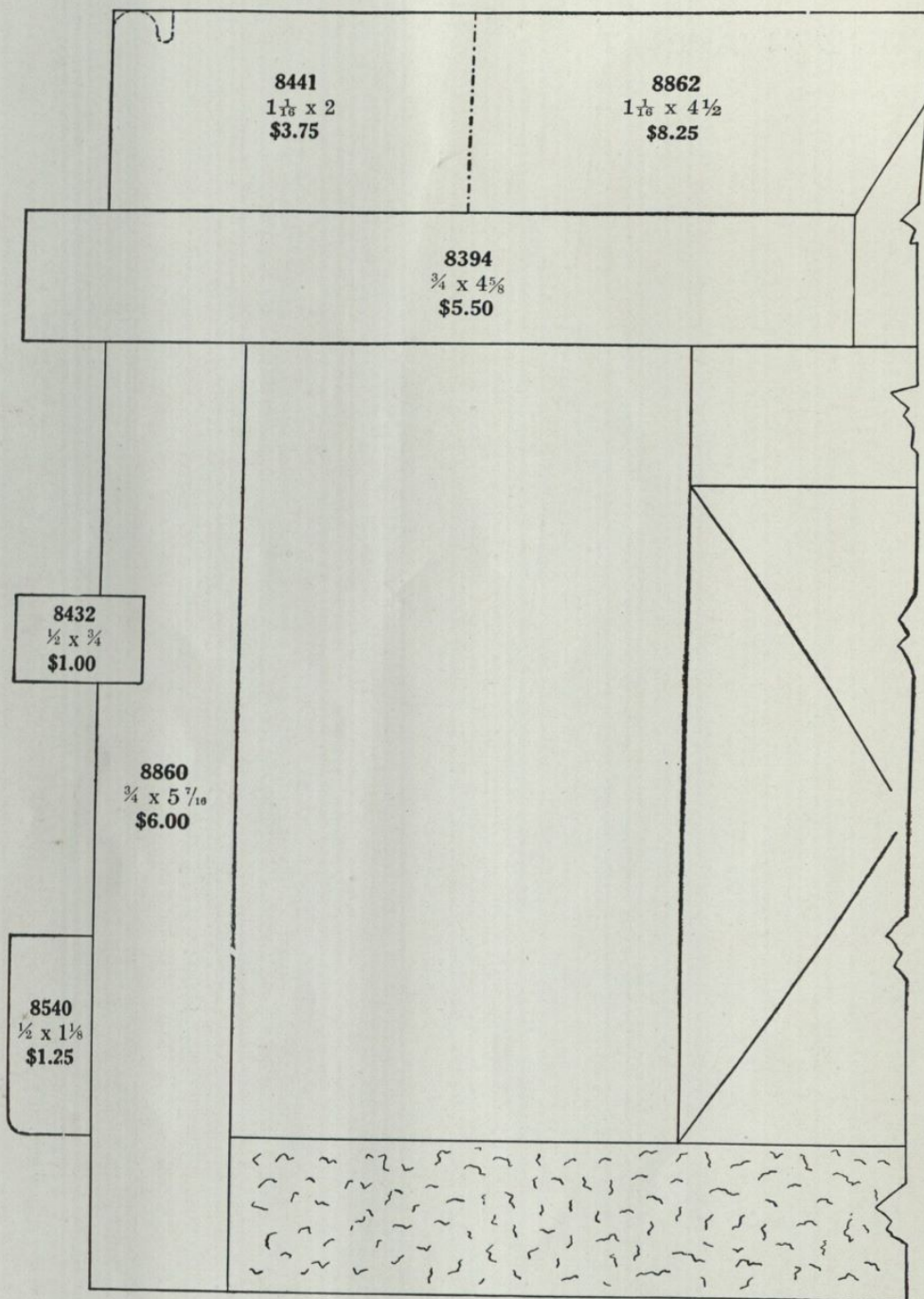
SILLS for WINDOW FRAMES and EXTENSION JAMBS

EXTENSION JAMBS



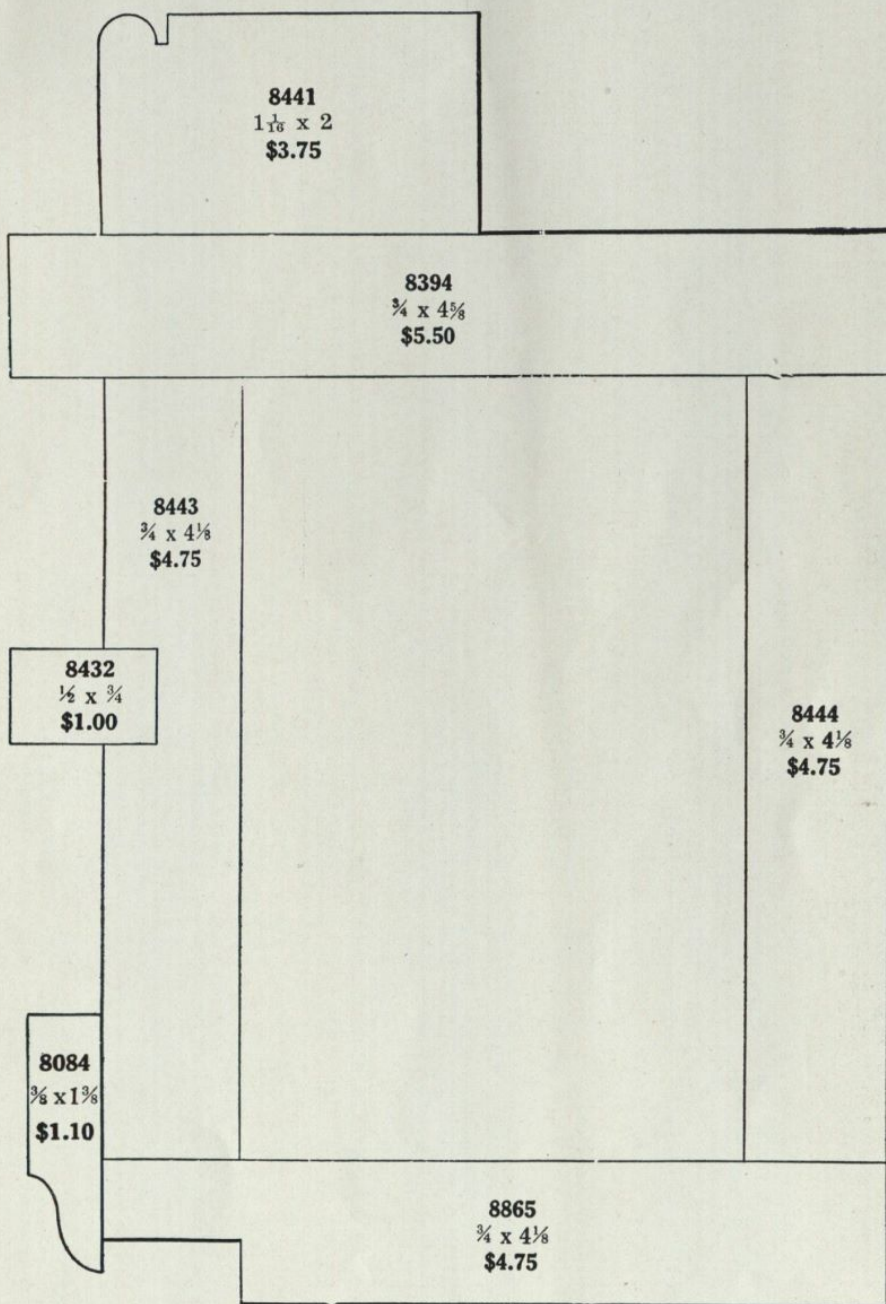
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SECTION of FRAME for BRICK VENEER and STUCCO BUILDING



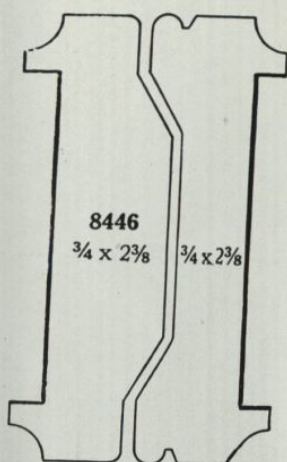
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

SECTION of BOX WINDOW FRAME for BRICK BUILDING

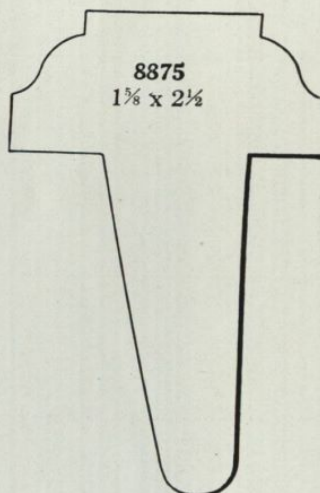


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

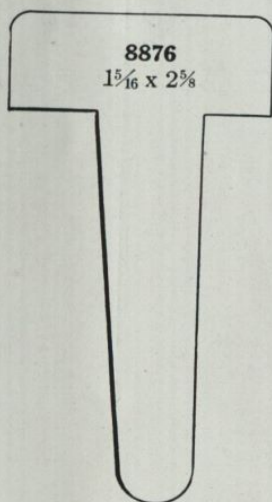
ASTRAGALS



60 cents net per pair

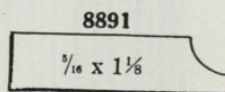


30 cents net each

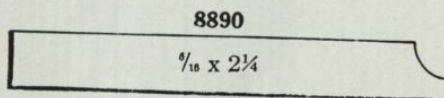


30 cents net each

SLIDING DOOR BANDING



\$1.00

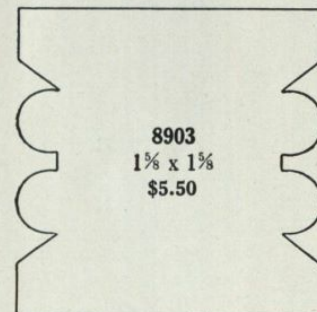
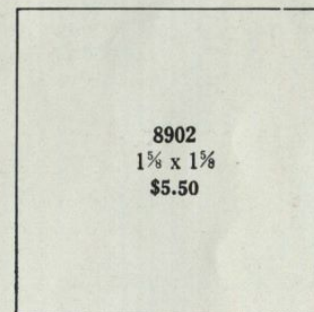
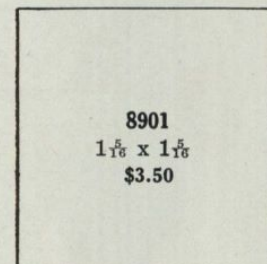
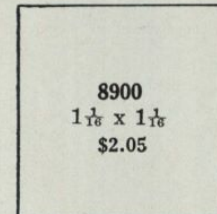
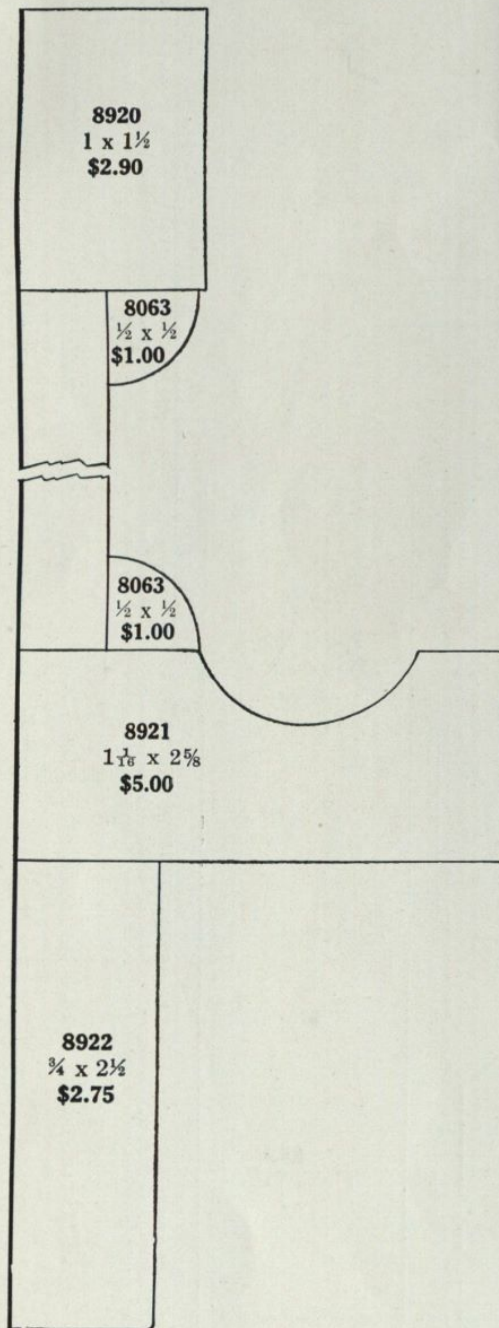


\$1.75

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

BLACKBOARD MOULDINGS

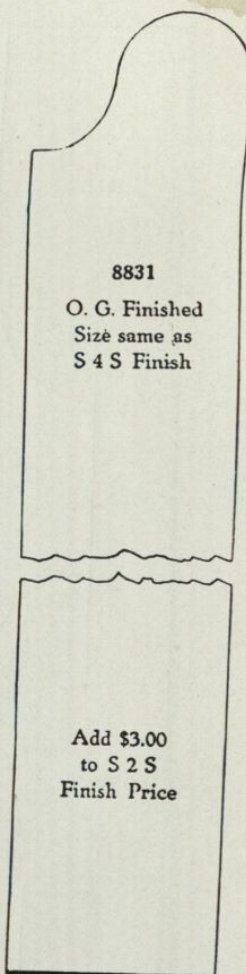
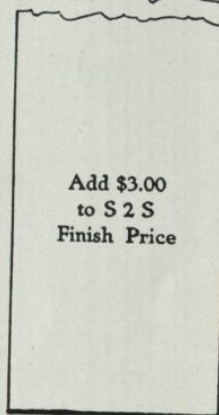
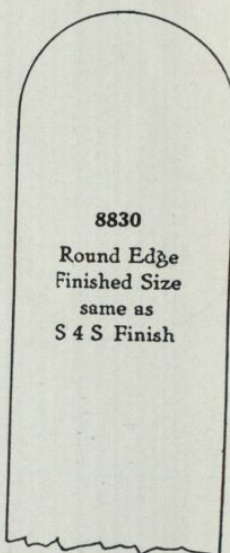
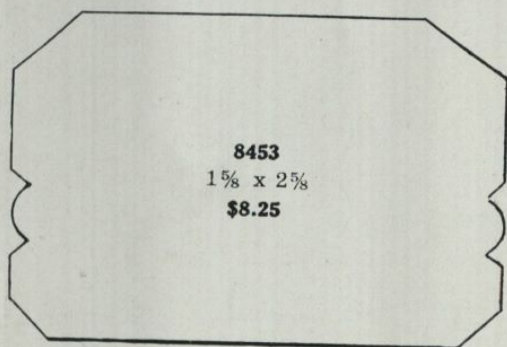
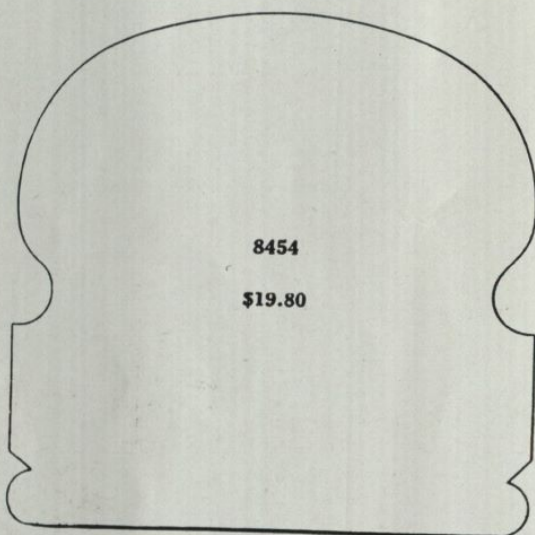
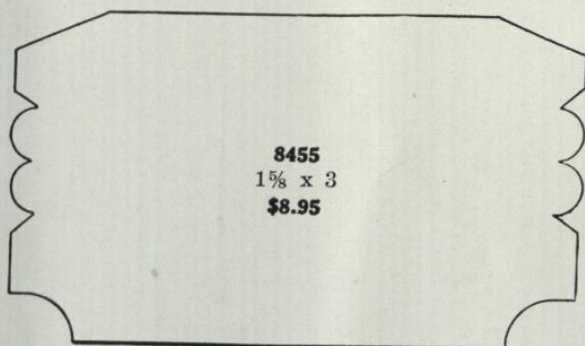
PORCH BALUSTER STOCK



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

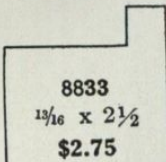
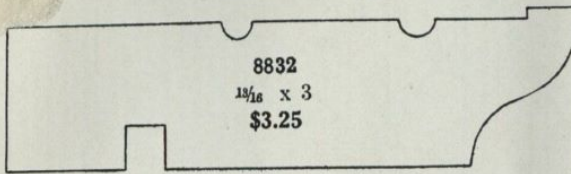
PORCH and BALUSTER STOCK

STEPPING

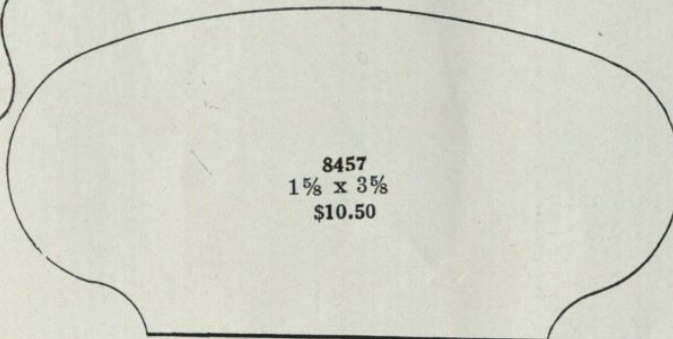


Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

PLATE RAIL



STAIR RAIL



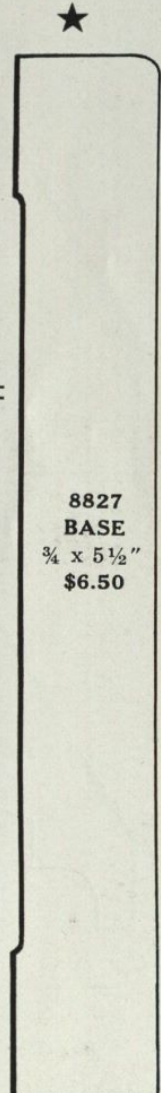
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

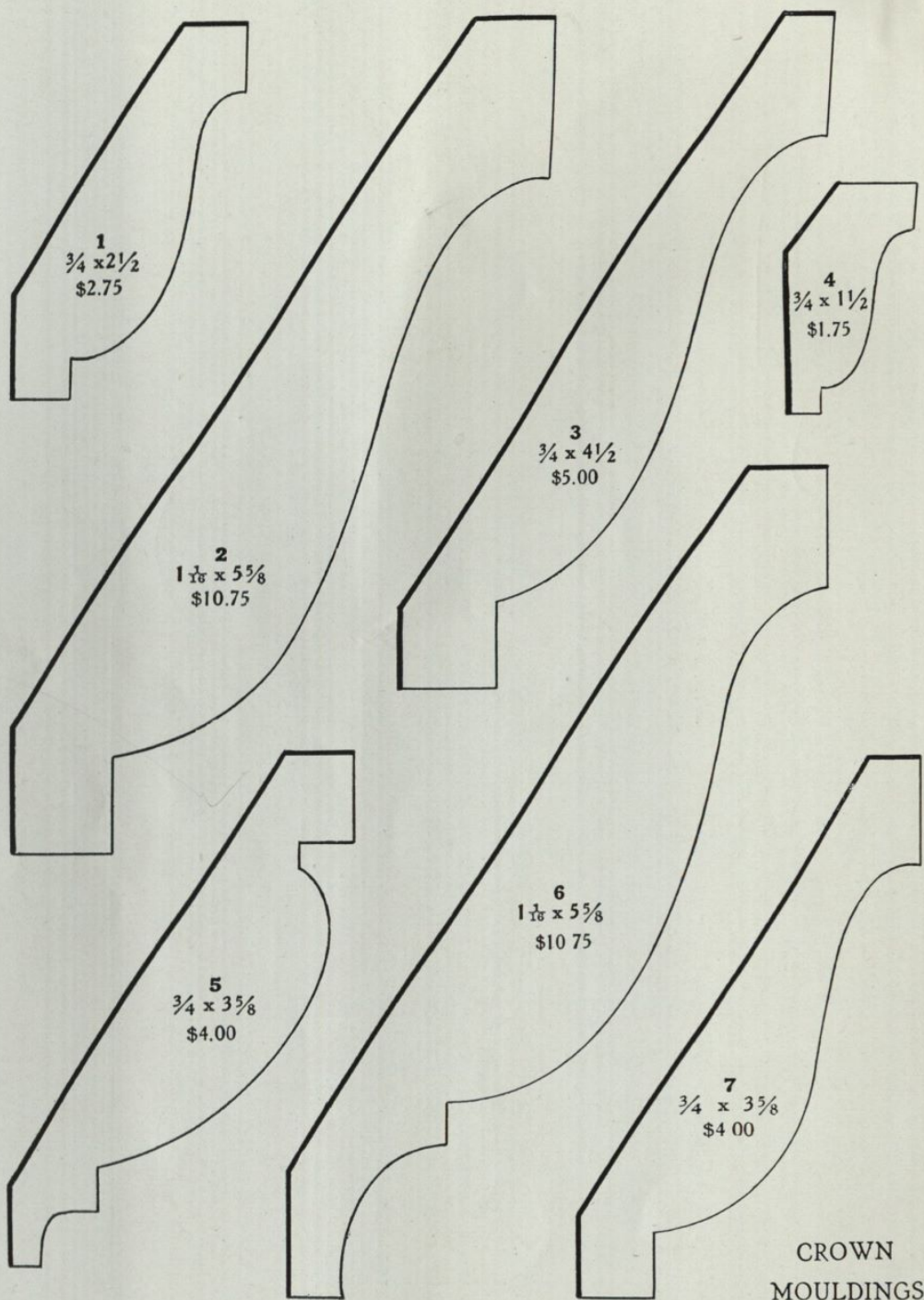
SUPPLEMENT

Patterns shown herein
 arranged by committee
 representing The National
 Lumber Manufacturers
 Association and The
 American Institute of
 Architects

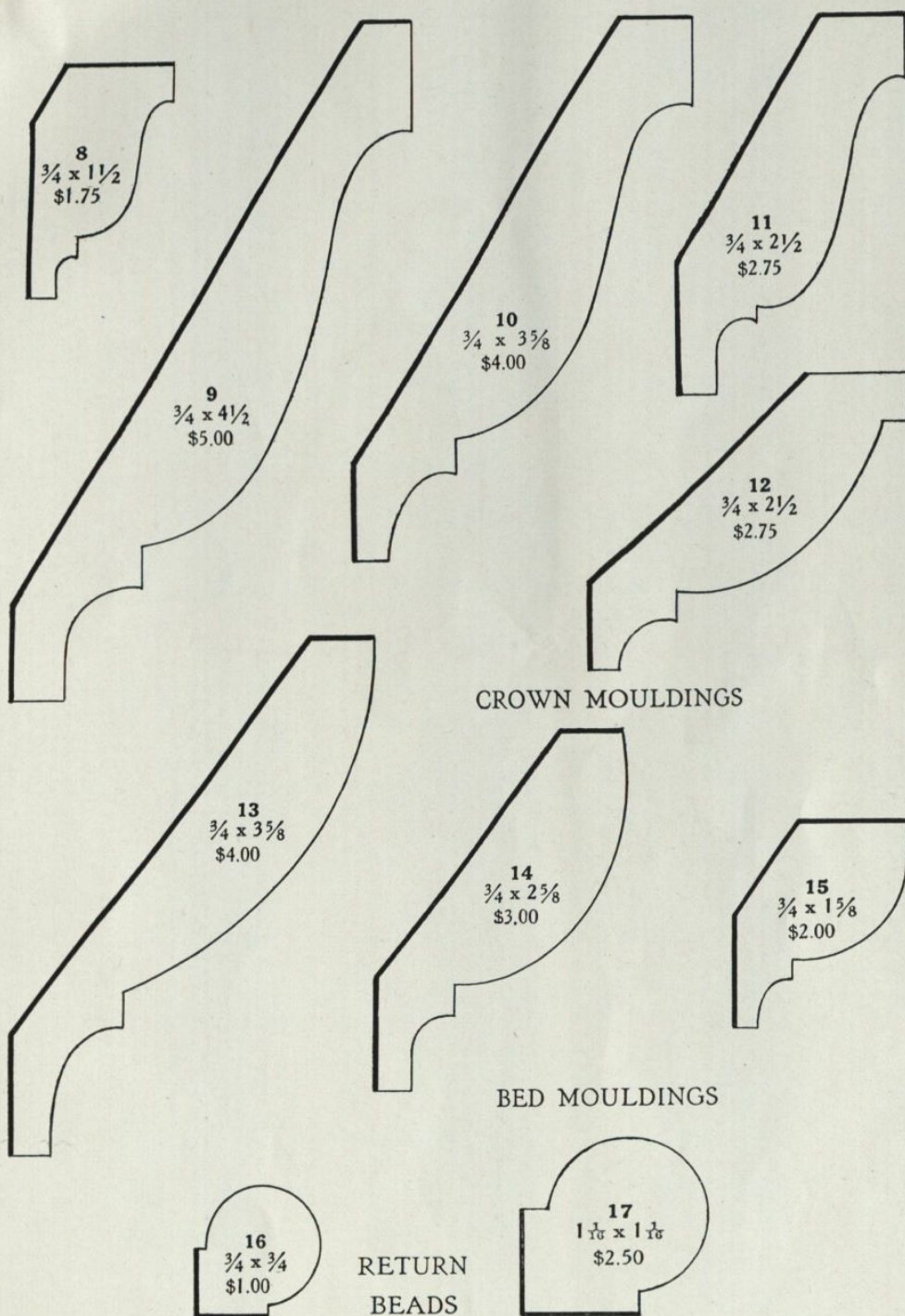
Adopted
 1922

8827
 BASE
 $\frac{3}{4} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ "
 \$6.50

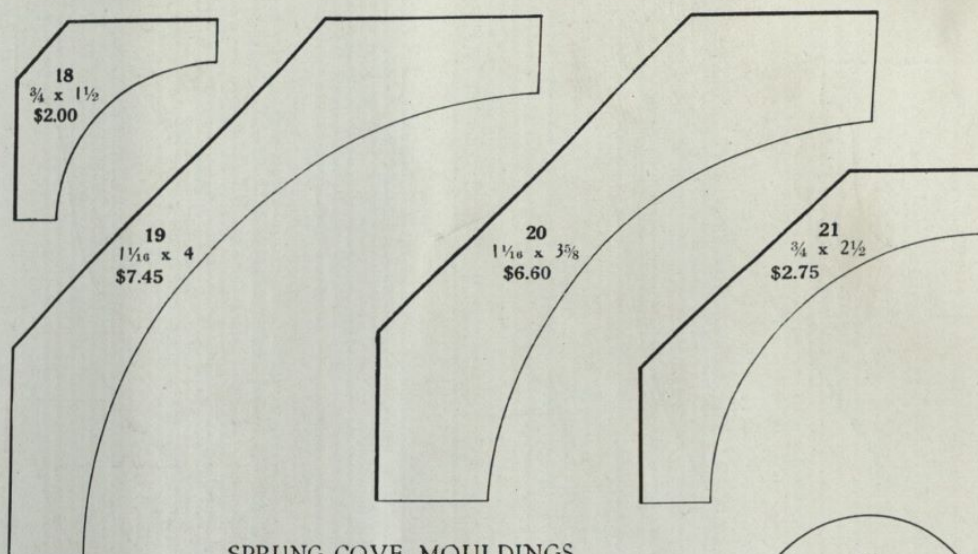




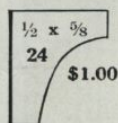
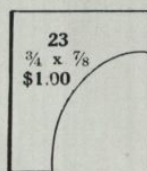
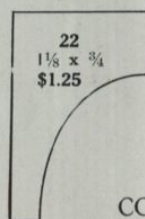
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



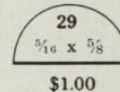
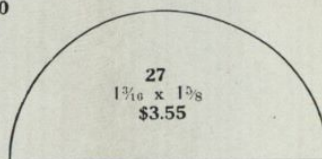
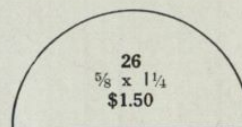
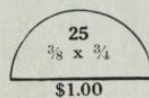
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



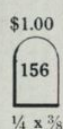
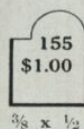
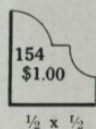
SPRUNG COVE MOULDINGS



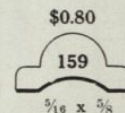
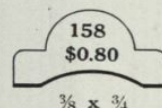
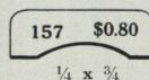
COVE MOULDINGS



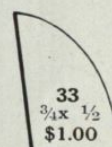
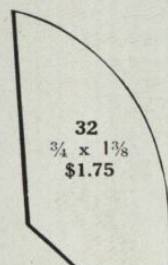
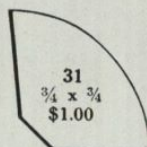
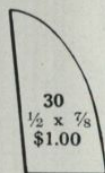
HALF ROUNDS



GLASS STOPS

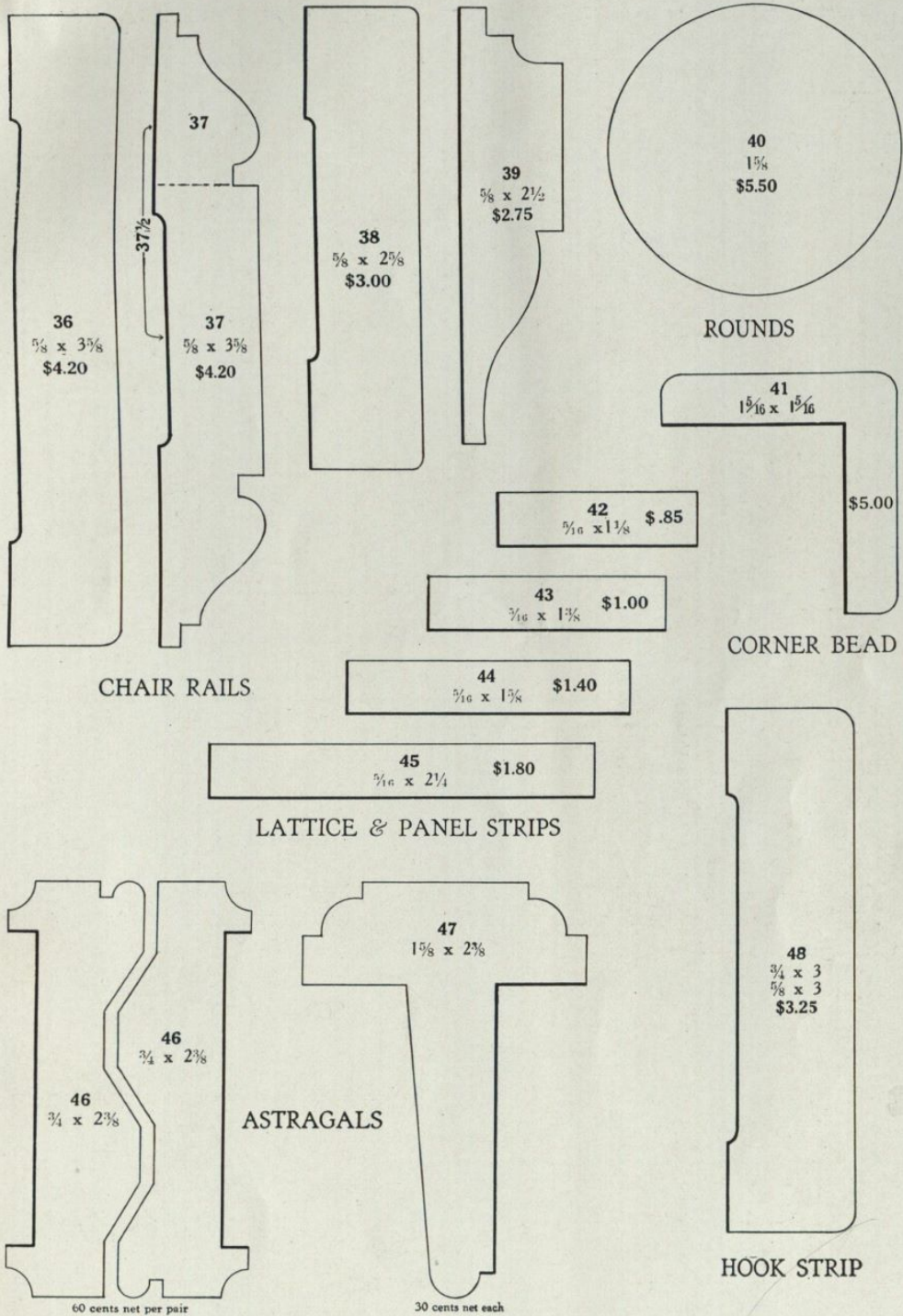


SCREEN MOULDINGS

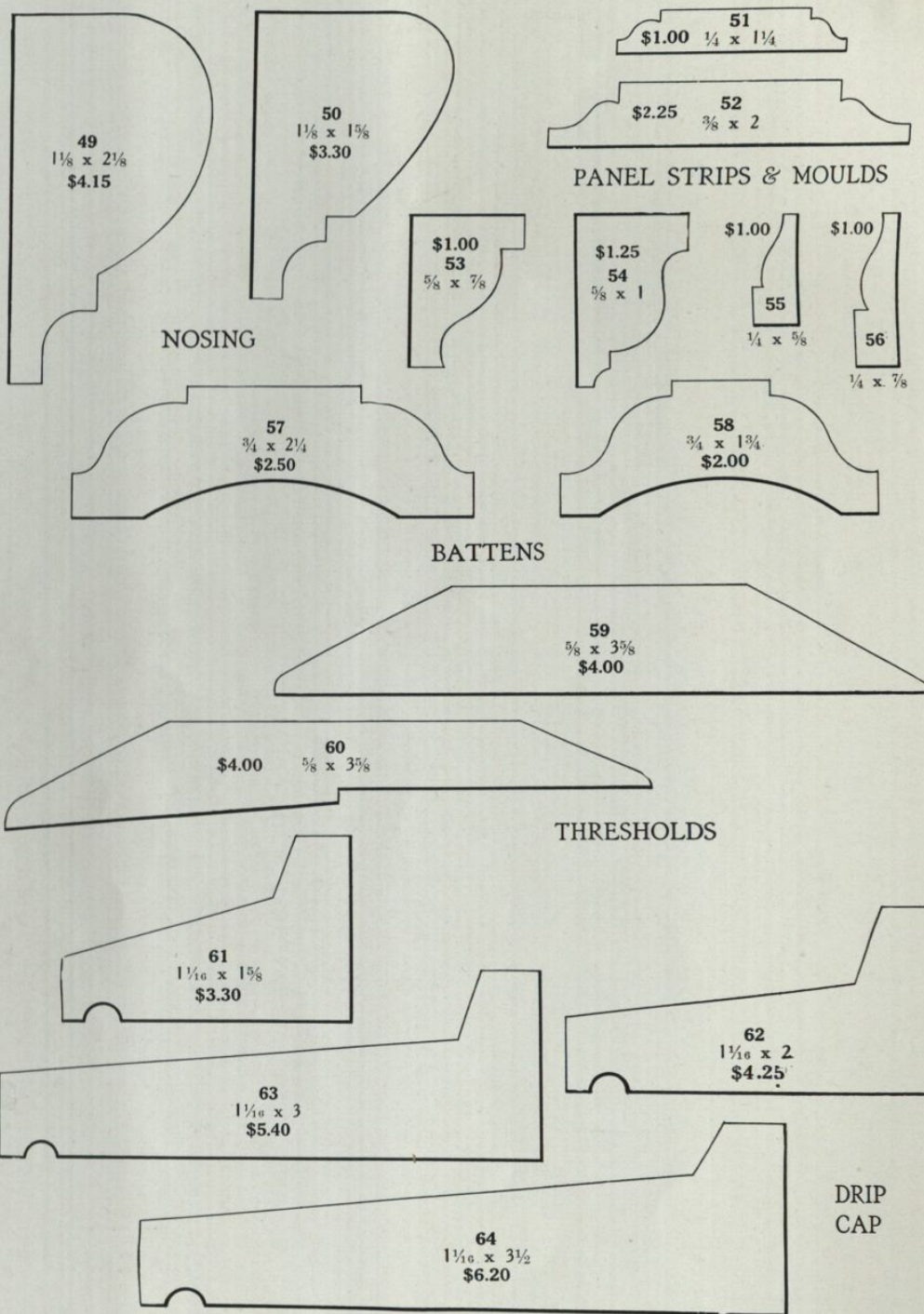


QUARTER ROUNDS

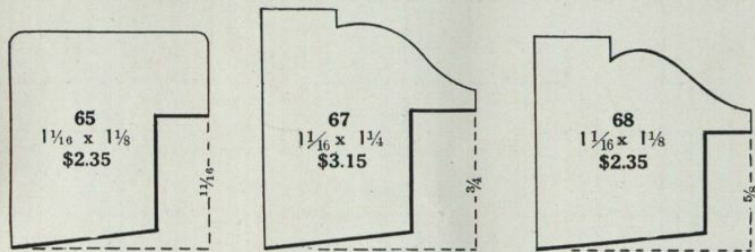
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



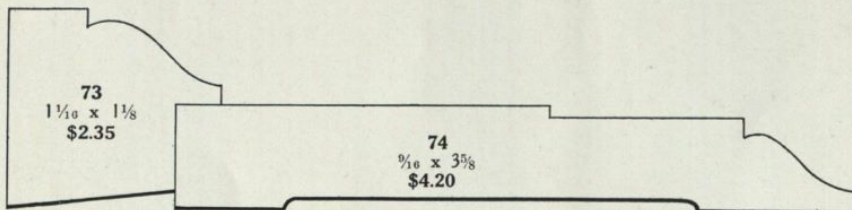
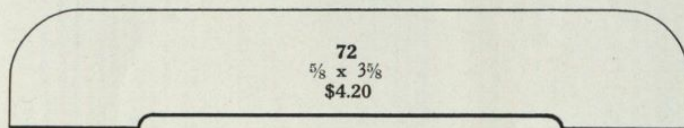
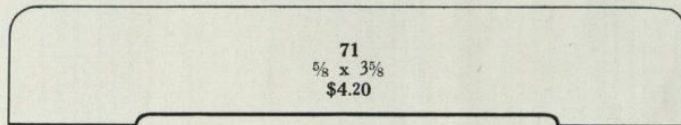
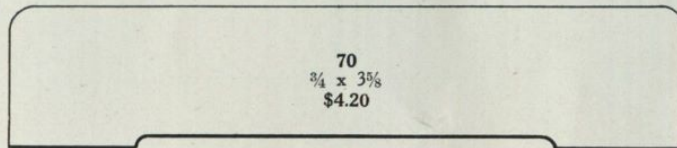
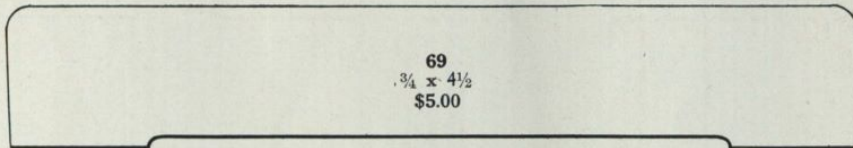
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

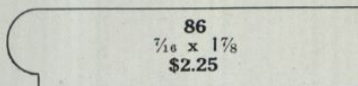
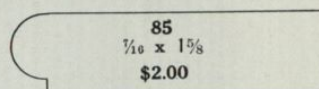
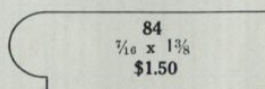
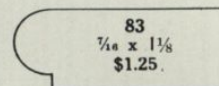
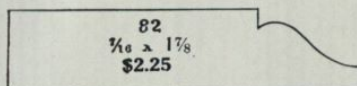
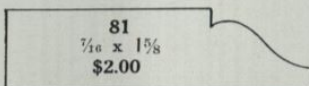
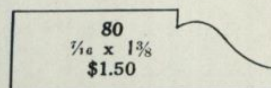
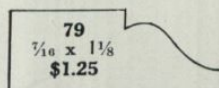
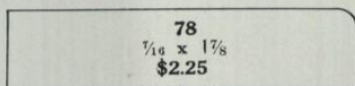
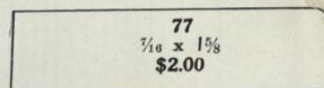
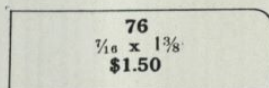
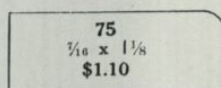


BACK BANDS (See also page 61)

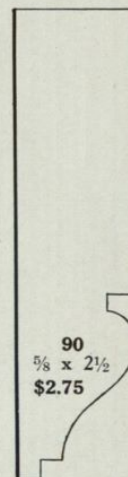
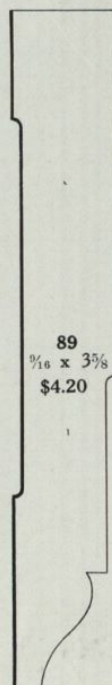
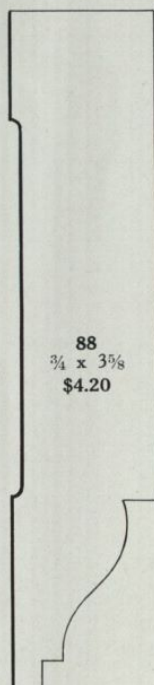
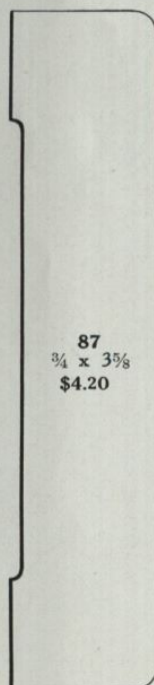


CASINGS (See also page 61)

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

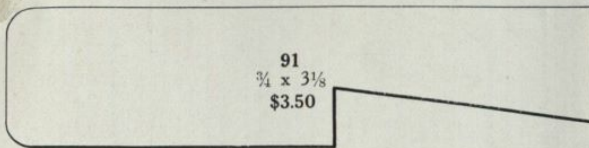


STOPS

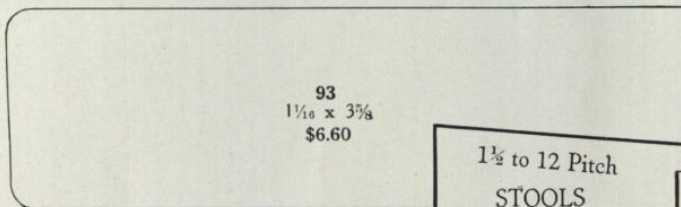
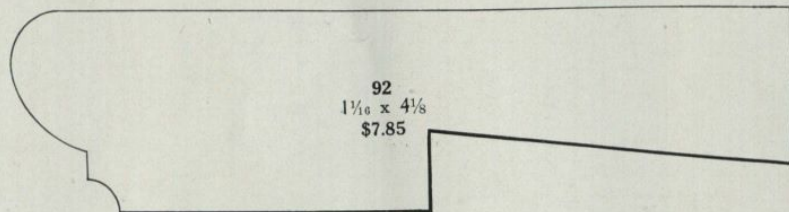


APRONS

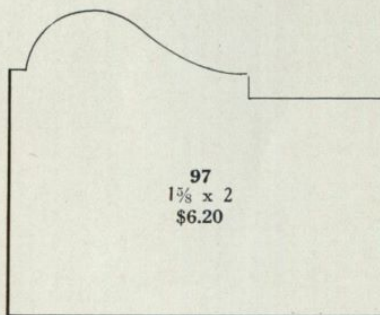
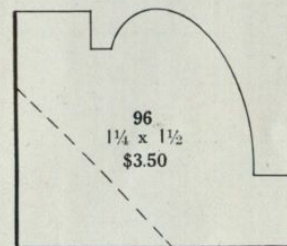
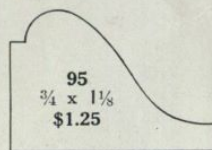
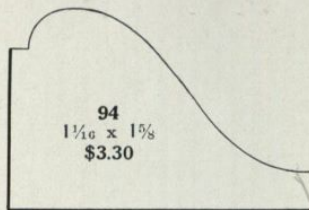
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



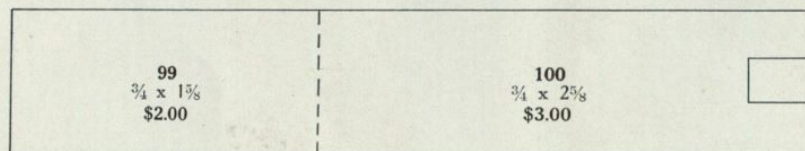
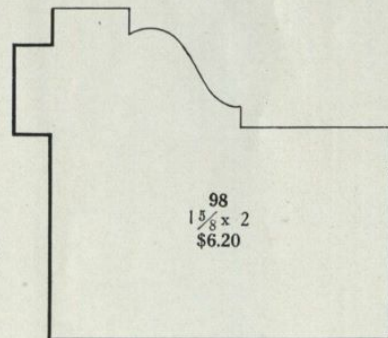
(See also page 61)



$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 12 Pitch
 STOOLS

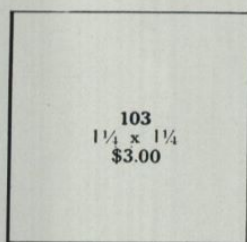
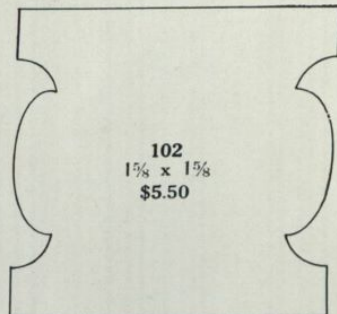
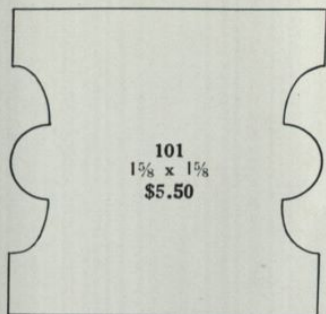


BRICK
 MOULDINGS

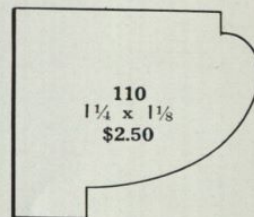
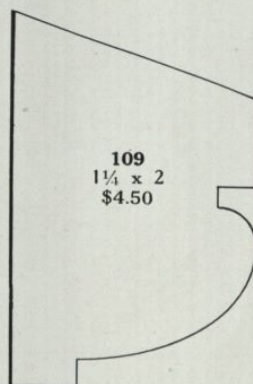
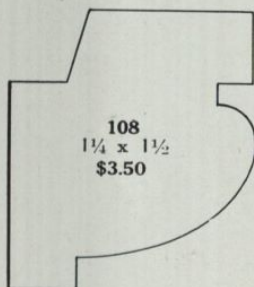
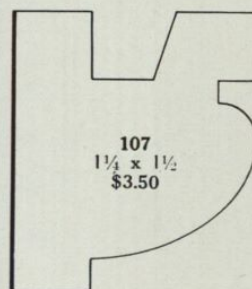
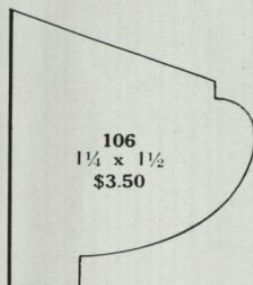
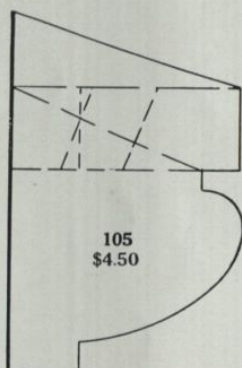
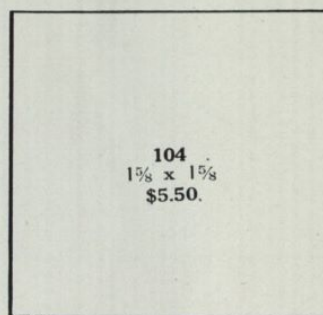


SCREEN STOCK

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

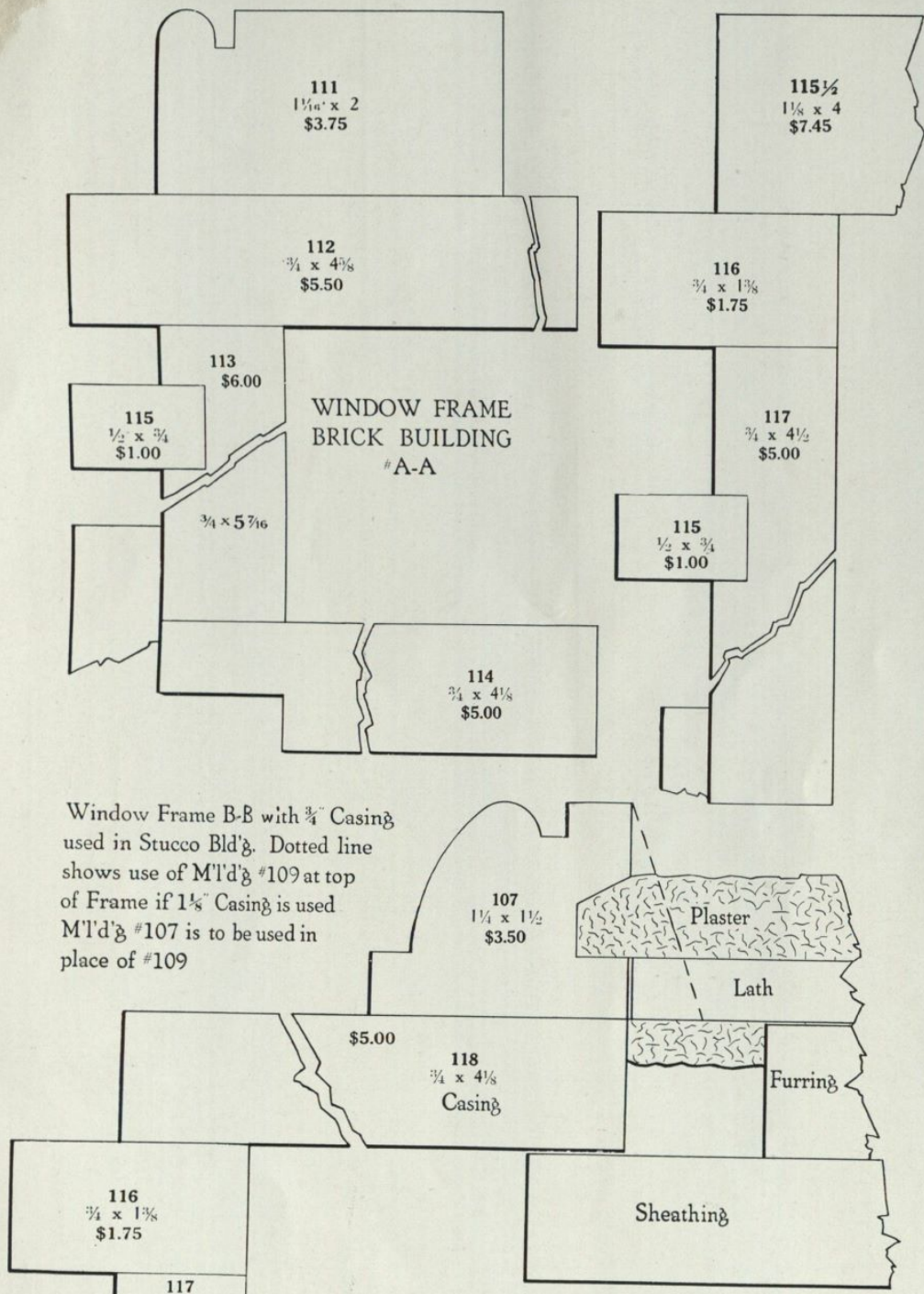


PORCH
BALUSTERS

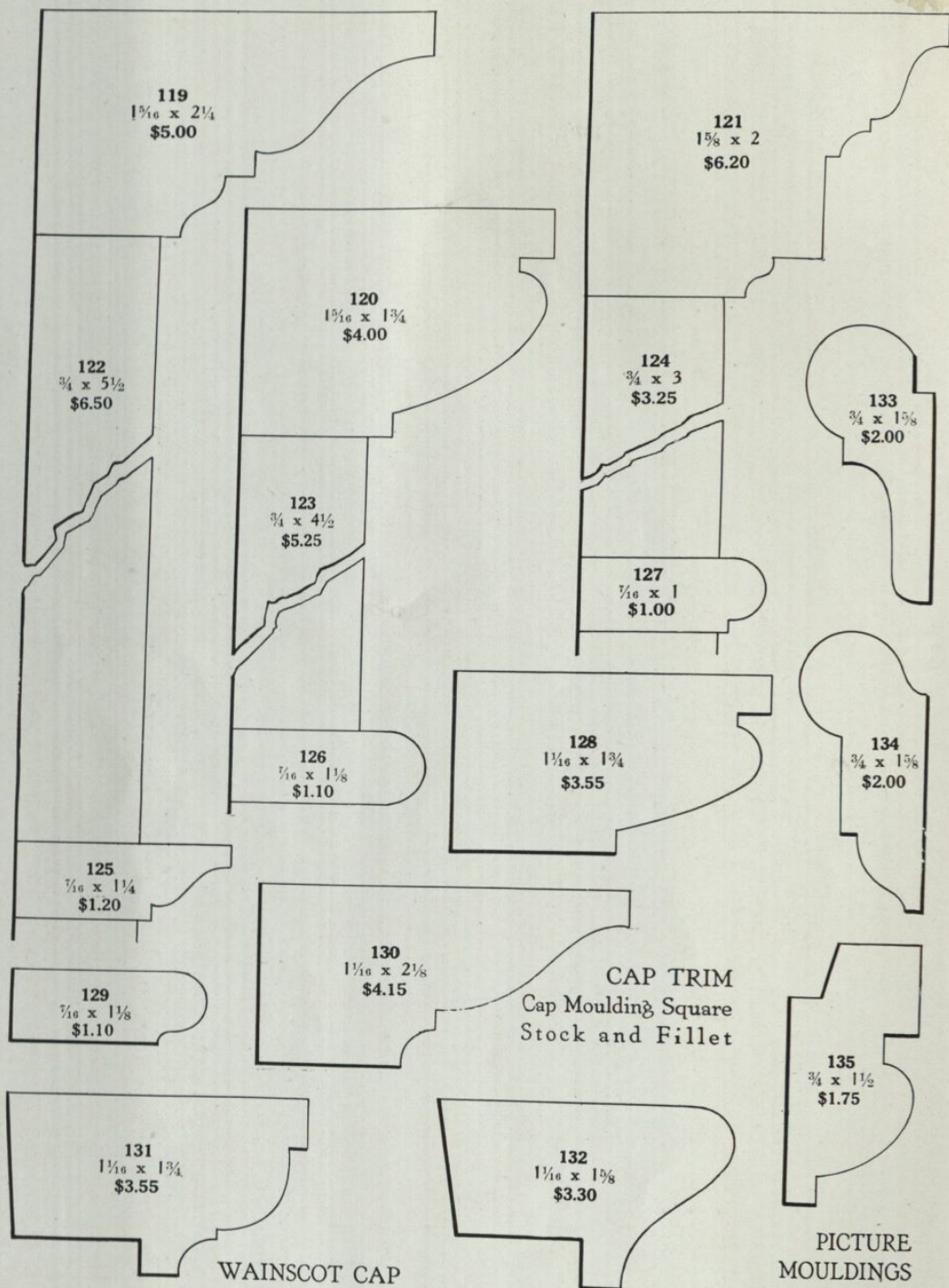


DRIP-FRIEZE-PLASTER-BRICK
BED CROWN MOULDINGS

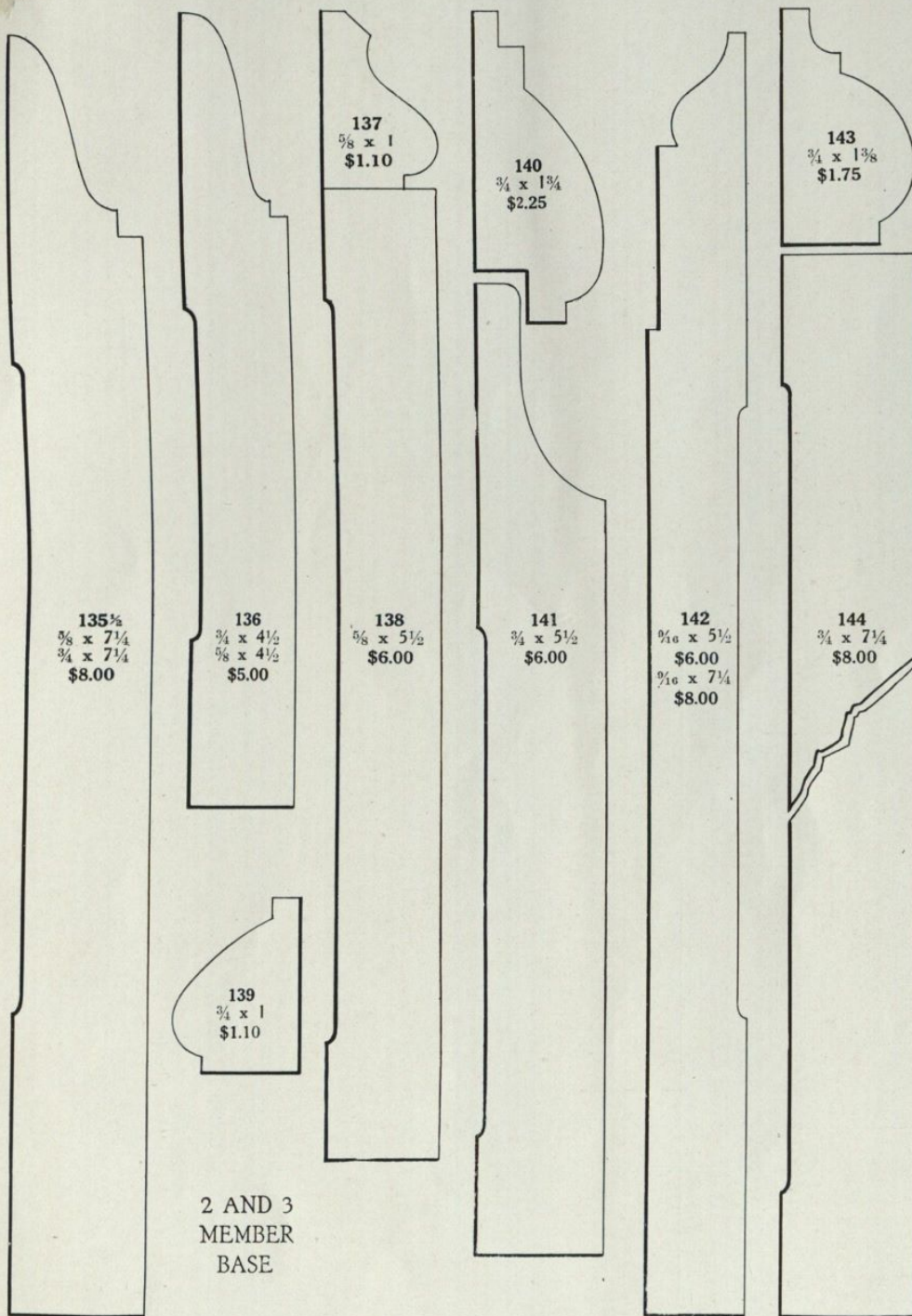
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



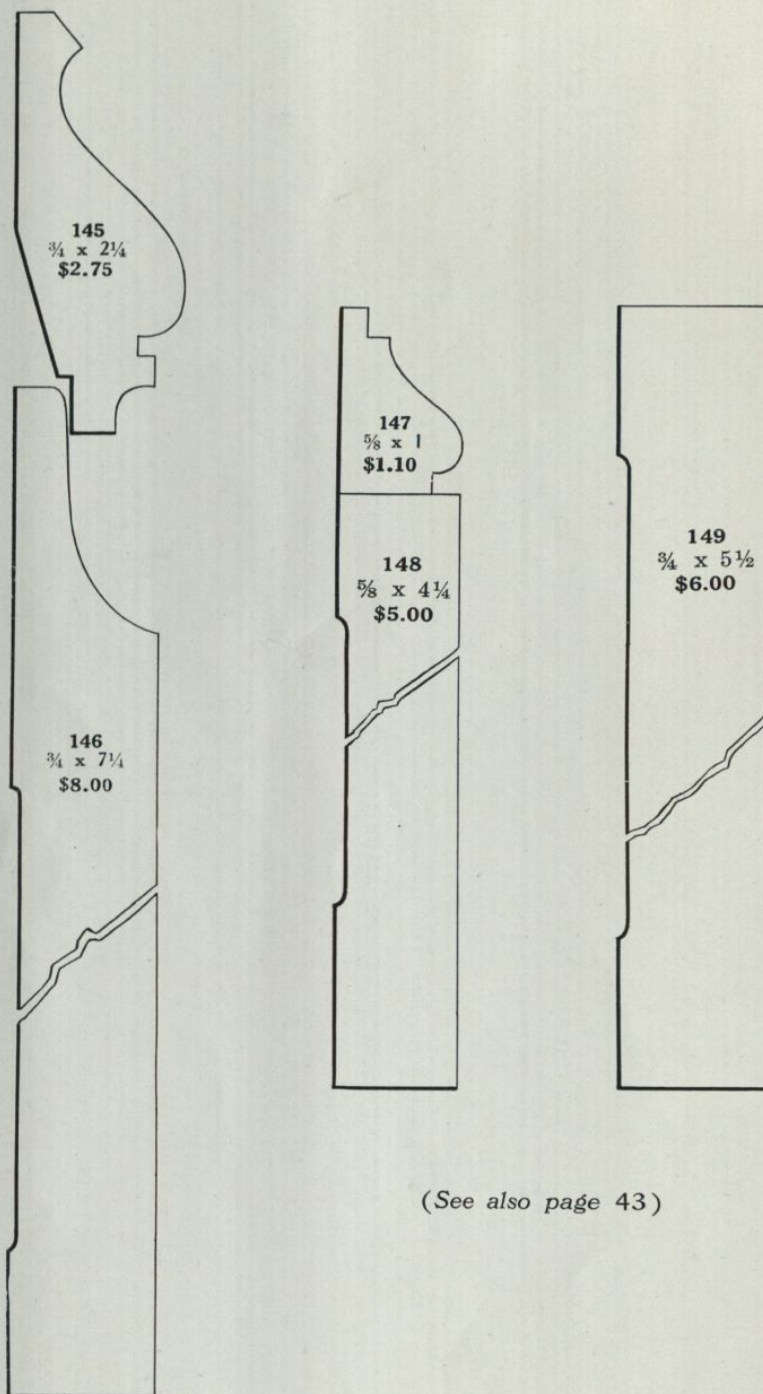
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.



(See also page 43)

Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

LIST PRICE OF MOULDINGS

PRICES QUOTED ARE PER 100 LINEAL FEET

Page	No.	Size	Base Price	Page	No.	Size	Base Price
44	1	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$2.75	50	81	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	\$2.00
44	2	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 5 $\frac{5}{8}$	10.75	50	82	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{7}{8}$	2.25
44	3	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.00	50	83	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.25
44	4	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	50	84	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	1.50
44	5	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	50	85	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	2.00
44	6	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 5 $\frac{5}{8}$	10.75	50	86	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{7}{8}$	2.25
44	7	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	50	87	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
44	8	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	50	88	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
45	9	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.00	50	89	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
45	10	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	50	90	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
45	11	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	51	91	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
45	12	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	51	92	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{8}$	7.85
45	13	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	51	93	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	6.60
45	14	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.00	51	94	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
45	15	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	51	95	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.25
45	16	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	51	96	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
45	17	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.50	51	97	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	6.20
46	18	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.00	51	98	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	6.20
46	19	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 4	7.45	51	99	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	2.00
46	20	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	6.60	51	100	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.00
46	21	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	52	101	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
46	22	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.25	52	102	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
46	23	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	52	103	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	3.00
46	24	$\frac{1}{2}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	52	104	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
46	25	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	52	106	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
46	26	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	52	107	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
46	27	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.55	52	108	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	3.50
46	28	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	52	109	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 2	4.50
46	29	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	52	110	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	2.50
46	30	$\frac{1}{2}$ x 1 $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	53	111	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	3.75
46	31	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	53	112	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 4 $\frac{5}{8}$	5.50
46	32	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.75	53	113	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{7}{8}$	6.00
46	33	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	53	114	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{8}$	5.00
46	34	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	53	115	$\frac{1}{2}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00
47	36	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.20	53	115 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 4	7.45
47	37	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{3}{8}$	4.20	53	116	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
47	38	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{3}{8}$	3.00	53	117	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
47	39	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	53	118	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{8}$	5.00
47	40	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 5	5.50	54	119	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
47	41	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	5.00	54	120	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	4.00
47	42	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	.85	54	121	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	6.20
47	43	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$	1.00	54	122	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
47	44	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	1.40	54	123	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.25
47	45	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.80	54	124	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3	3.25
47	46	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{3}{8}$	...	54	125	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.20
47	47	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{3}{8}$	...	54	126	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	1.10
47	48	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3	3.25	54	127	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1	1.00
47	48	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 3	3.25	54	128	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	3.55
48	49	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	4.15	54	129	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	1.10
48	50	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.30	54	130	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	4.15
48	51	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	54	131	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	3.55
48	52	$\frac{3}{8}$ x 2	2.25	54	132	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
48	53	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	54	133	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	2.00
48	54	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.25	54	134	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{8}$	2.00
48	55	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	54	135	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.75
48	56	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	55	135 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
48	57	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	55	135 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
48	58	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	55	136	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
48	59	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	55	136	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.00
48	60	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	55	137	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.10
48	61	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	3.30	55	138	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
48	62	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	4.25	55	139	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1	1.10
48	63	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3	5.40	55	140	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{4}$	2.25
48	64	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{1}{4}$	6.20	55	141	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
49	65	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2.35	55	142	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
49	67	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	3.15	55	142	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
49	68	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2.35	55	143	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
49	69	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{4}$	5.00	55	143	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$	1.75
49	70	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	55	144	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
49	71	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	56	145	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	2.75
49	72	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	56	146	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
49	73	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	2.35	56	147	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 1	1.10
49	74	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 3 $\frac{5}{8}$	4.20	56	148	$\frac{5}{8}$ x 4 $\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
50	75	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.10	56	149	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	6.00
50	76	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	46	154	$\frac{1}{4}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00
50	77	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	46	155	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00
50	78	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{7}{8}$	2.25	46	156	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00
50	79	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{1}{4}$	1.25	46	157	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80
50	80	$\frac{1}{8}$ x 1 $\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	46	158	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80
				46	159	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	.80

LIST PRICE OF MOULDINGS (Continued)

PRICES QUOTED ARE PER 100 LINEAL FEET

Page	No.	Size	Base Price	Page	No.	Size	Base Price
13.....	8000	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	\$3.50	19.....	8131	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50
13.....	8002	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{4}$	4.00	19.....	8132	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00
13.....	8003	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	19.....	8139	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	.80
13.....	8004	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00	19.....	8140	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80
13.....	8005	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.50	19.....	8141	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.25
13.....	8006	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	4.75	19.....	8142	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	1.75
14.....	8007	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	19.....	8145	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	.80
14.....	8008	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	19.....	8146	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00
14.....	8009	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	19.....	8150	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
14.....	8010	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	19.....	8151	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
14.....	8011	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.50	20.....	8161	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.25
14.....	8012	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	4.75	20.....	8167	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.50
14.....	8013	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{8}$	5.50	20.....	8174	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00
14.....	8014	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	3.50	20.....	8177	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.25
15.....	8015	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.25	20.....	8178	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.25
15.....	8016	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	20.....	8180	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
15.....	8017	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	20.....	8221	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
15.....	8018	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	21.....	8238	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.75
15.....	8019	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	21.....	8242	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.25
15.....	8020	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	21.....	8256	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.30
15.....	8021	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	4.75	21.....	8258	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.25
15.....	8023	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00	22.....	8263	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16.....	8024	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.00	22.....	8264	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16.....	8025	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	22.....	8265	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16.....	8026	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	24.....	8266	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50
16.....	8029	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	61.....	8266 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50
16.....	8030	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	24.....	8267	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	6.60
16.....	8031	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	2.00	61.....	8267 $\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	6.20
16.....	8032	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.25	24.....	8268	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	7.85
16.....	8033	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	24.....	8269	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	7.85
16.....	8035	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	24.....	8269 $\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	5.80
16.....	8036	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	25.....	8271	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00
16.....	8037	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.90	25.....	8273	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
16.....	8038	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	3.30	25.....	8274	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
16.....	8042	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	25.....	8278	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.00
16.....	8046	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.30	26.....	8280	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	.85
16.....	8043	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	6.20	26.....	8281	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.00
17.....	8051	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	2.25	26.....	8282	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.40
17.....	8054	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	26.....	8283	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.30
17.....	8055	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	3.50	26.....	8284	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	3.75
17.....	8057	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	5.50	26.....	8285	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	4.55
17.....	8059	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	26.....	8286	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	5.40
17.....	8060	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	26.....	8287	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	6.20
17.....	8061	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	27.....	8289	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17, 41.....	8063	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	27.....	8290	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
17, 25.....	8064	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	61.....	8306	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	3.00
17, 34.....	8065	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	61.....	8306 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	3.00
17.....	8066	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.15	61.....	8307	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
17.....	8066 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.15	27, 29.....	8308	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
17.....	8067	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.75	27, 29.....	8309	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17.....	8075	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	27.....	8310	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
17.....	8076	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	27.....	8311	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00
17.....	8077	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	61.....	8311 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
17.....	8078	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.25	61.....	8312	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
17.....	8079	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	28.....	8341	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
17.....	8080	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	28.....	8342	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
18.....	8082	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	28.....	8358	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{3}{8}$	4.20
18.....	8083	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	28.....	8359	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
18, 39.....	8084	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.10	29.....	8368	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.15
18, 36.....	8085	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	1.40	28.....	8374	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.35
18.....	8086	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	1.60	61.....	8377 $\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.50
18.....	8089	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.25	29.....	8378	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.35
18.....	8090	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	2.00	30.....	8378 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	\$1.25
18.....	8091	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	2.25	30.....	8379	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	1.50
18.....	8093	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	30.....	8379 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	1.50
18.....	8094	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	2.25	30.....	8384	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
18.....	8095	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.00	30.....	8385	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00
18.....	8096	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	30.....	8386	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
18.....	8097	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.25	29.....	8387	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.15
18.....	8098	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	31.....	8387 $\frac{1}{2}$	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.15
18.....	8115	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.00	31.....	8389	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	3.55
18.....	8116	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	31.....	8393	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	5.50
18.....	8117	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.25	23, 31, 32, 33, 39.....	8394	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{8}$	5.50
18.....	8118	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	31.....	8395	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.10
18.....	8119	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.50	31.....	8396	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	4.15
18.....	8120	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	2.00	23, 31, 33.....	8397	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00
19.....	8123	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	31.....	8398	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.10
19.....	8124	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	3.75	32.....	8399	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	5.50
19.....	8125	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	5.00	32.....	8400	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $5\frac{1}{4}$	9.10
				32.....	8401	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	5.50

LIST PRICE OF MOULDINGS—Continued

PRICES QUOTED ARE PER 100 LINEAL FEET

Page	No.	Size	Base Price	Page	No.	Size	Base Price
32, 33	8403	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$	1.20	21	8636	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	4.00
33	8410	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	5.00	21	8638	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $5\frac{5}{8}$	9.90
34	8414	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.25	21	8640	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
34	8415	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00	21	8640 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
34	8420	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.75	22	8642	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
34	8421	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00	22	8643	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
34	8422	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	22, 23	8655	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	1.40
34	8422 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	22, 23	8656	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80
61	8424	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00	22, 23	8657	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
23, 35	8426	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00	22	8658	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00
35	8427	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	1.00	22	8659	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	3.75
34	8430	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	22, 23	8660	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00
36	8431	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	5.25	22	8665	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{2}$	3.75
36	8432	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	1.00	22	8667	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50
36, 38, 39	8439	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $5\frac{3}{4}$	12.40	24	8669	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50
37	8440	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	6.50	25	8695	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	7.00
38, 39	8441	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	3.75	25, 28	8696	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	7.60
39	8443	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{8}$	4.75	25	8700	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00
39	8444	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	4.75	23, 28, 29	8705	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
40	8446	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	.....	28	8706	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	5.00
42	8453	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	8.25	28	8707	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	6.00
42	8454	$2\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	19.80	29	8711	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
42	8455	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x 3	8.95	29	8712	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	4.20
43	8457	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $3\frac{5}{8}$	10.50	29	8713	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	2.35
15	8520	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25	30	8716	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
17	8530	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	33	8721	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 2	4.50
17	8531	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 1	1.25	33	8722	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x 5	9.10
17	8532	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 2	2.25	34	8740	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.25
17	8535	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	34	8741	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
18, 38	8540	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	35	8790	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
18	8541	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.50	43	8827	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{1}{2}$	6.50
18	8542	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{5}{8}$	2.00	35	8828	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
18	8543	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $1\frac{7}{8}$	2.25	35	8829	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00
18	8544	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	43	8832	$\frac{11}{16}$ x 3	3.25
19	8560	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	43	8833	$\frac{11}{16}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
19	8561	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	36	8840	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{4}$	8.25
19	8562	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	36	8850	$\frac{11}{16}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	2.75
19	8563	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	36	8851	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{3}{8}$	6.90
19	8564	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	37	8855	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	5.50
19	8570	$\frac{1}{2}$ x $\frac{1}{8}$	1.00	38	8860	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $5\frac{7}{8}$	6.00
19	8571	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $\frac{5}{8}$	1.00	38	8862	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $4\frac{1}{2}$	8.25
19	8600	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	39	8865	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $4\frac{3}{4}$	4.75
19	8610	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80	40	8875	$1\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	.....
19	8611	$\frac{1}{4}$ x $\frac{3}{4}$	.80	40	8876	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	.....
20	8619	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$	1.00	40	8890	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.75
20	8620	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{7}{8}$	1.00	40	8891	$\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.00
20	8621	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75	41	8900	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	2.05
20	8623	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	41	8901	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	3.50
20	8624	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	41	8902	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	5.50
21	8626	$\frac{3}{4}$ x 3	3.25	41	8903	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $1\frac{1}{8}$	5.50
21	8627	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	41	8920	1 x $1\frac{1}{2}$	2.90
21	8628	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80	41	8921	$1\frac{1}{8}$ x $2\frac{5}{8}$	5.00
21	8629	$\frac{3}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{4}$	1.80	41	8922	$\frac{3}{4}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75
21	8635	$\frac{5}{8}$ x $2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75				

For Figuring Price on Special Mouldings Not in This Book.

STANDARD MOULDING LIST.

LIST PRICES PER 100 LINEAL FEET

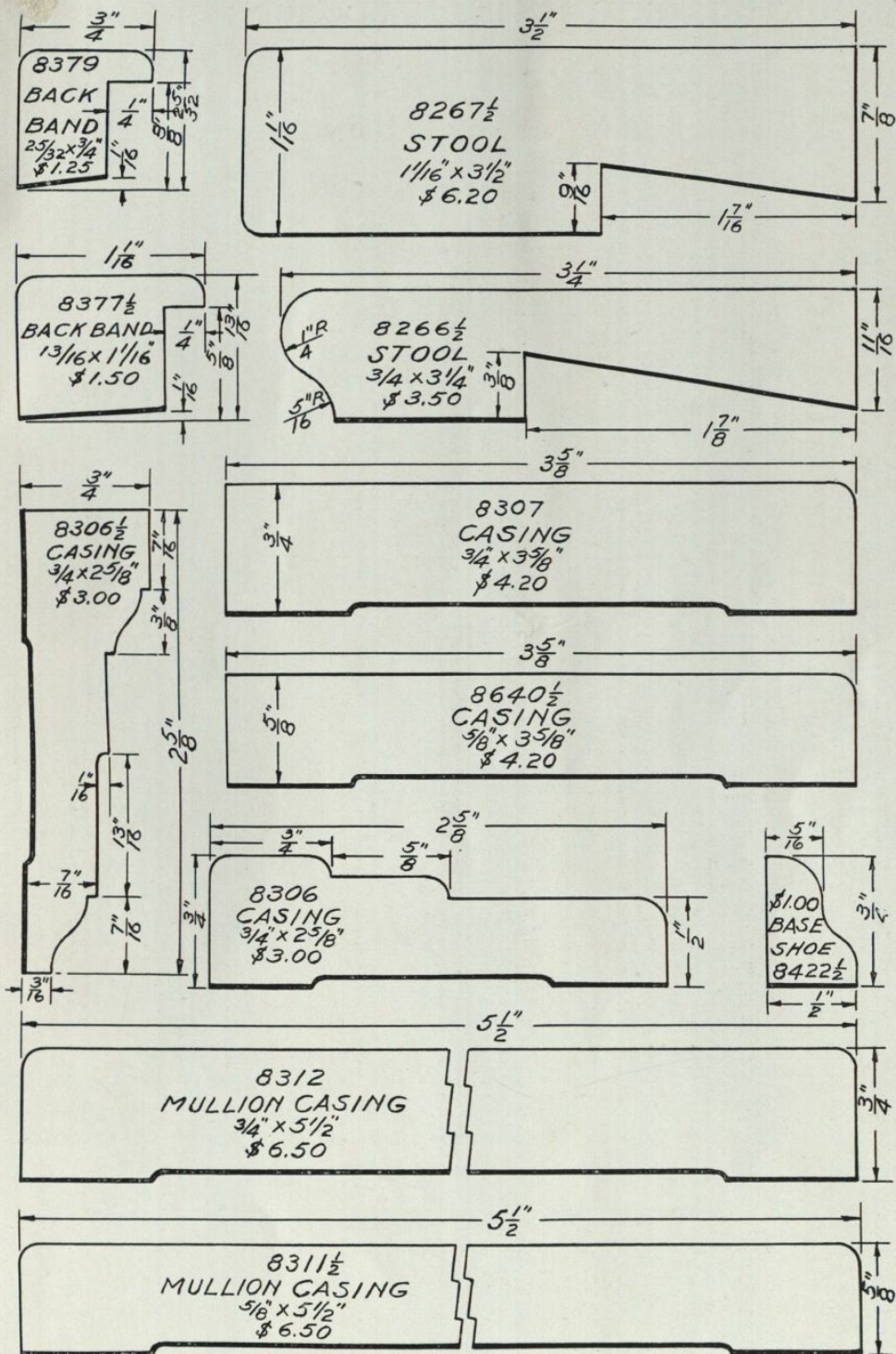
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch Stops	$\frac{1}{2}$ inch Stops	Width Inches	$\frac{3}{4}$ inch Thick	$1\frac{1}{8}$ inch Thick	$1\frac{3}{8}$ inch Thick	$1\frac{5}{8}$ inch Thick	$2\frac{1}{8}$ inch Thick	$2\frac{3}{8}$ inch Thick
\$1.00	\$1.00	$\frac{7}{8}$	\$1.00	....	....	....	....	....
1.00	1.25	$1\frac{1}{8}$	1.25	\$2.10	....	....	....	....
1.10	1.50	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1.50	2.50	....	....	....	....
1.10	1.50	$1\frac{3}{8}$	1.75	2.90	\$3.50	....	....	....
1.40	1.75	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1.75	2.90	3.50	....	....	....
1.40	2.00	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2.00	3.30	4.00	\$5.50	....	....
1.60	2.25	2	2.25	3.75	4.50	6.20	....	....
1.80	2.50	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2.50	4.15	5.00	6.90	\$13.75	....
2.00	2.75	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2.75	4.55	5.50	7.60	15.15	....
....	....	$2\frac{3}{4}$	3.00	5.00	6.00	8.25	16.50	\$19.80
CASING & BASE $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. thick See Note A		3	3.25	5.40	6.50	8.95	17.90	21.45
		$3\frac{1}{4}$	3.50	5.80	7.00	9.65	19.25	23.10
....	4.20	$3\frac{1}{2}$	3.75	6.20	7.50	10.30	20.65	24.75
....	4.20	$3\frac{5}{8}$	4.00	6.60	8.00	11.00	22.00	26.40
....	4.50	$3\frac{3}{4}$	4.25	6.60	8.00	11.00	22.00	26.40
....	4.50	4	4.50	7.45	9.00	12.40	24.75	29.70
....	5.00	$4\frac{1}{4}$	4.75	7.85	9.50	13.05	26.15	31.35
....	5.25	$4\frac{1}{2}$	5.00	8.25	10.00	13.75	27.50	33.00
....	6.00	5	5.50	9.10	11.00	15.15	30.25	36.30
....	6.00	$5\frac{1}{4}$	6.00	9.90	12.00	16.50	33.00	39.60
....	6.50	$5\frac{1}{2}$	6.00	9.90	12.00	16.50	33.00	39.60
....	6.50	$5\frac{3}{4}$	6.50	10.75	13.00	17.90	35.75	42.90
....	7.00	6	6.50	10.75	13.00	17.90	35.75	42.90
....	7.00	$6\frac{1}{4}$	7.00	11.55	14.00	19.25	38.50	46.20
....	8.00	$6\frac{1}{2}$	7.00	11.55	14.00	19.25	38.50	46.20
....	8.00	7	8.00	13.20	16.00	22.00	44.00	52.80
....	8.00	$7\frac{1}{4}$	8.00	13.20	16.00	22.00	44.00	52.80
....	9.00	$8\frac{1}{4}$	9.50	15.70	19.00	26.15	52.25	62.70
....	10.00	$8\frac{3}{4}$	9.50	15.70	19.00	26.15	52.25	62.70
....	10.00	$9\frac{1}{4}$	10.00	16.50	20.00	27.50	55.00	66.00
....	12.00	$10\frac{1}{2}$	12.00	19.80	24.00	33.00	66.00	79.20
....	13.00	$11\frac{1}{4}$	12.00	19.80	24.00	33.00	66.00	79.20

A — $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch head casing, side casing, apron, base, and jamb stock are figured on the $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch casing and base list.

B — Rabbeted moulding — such as 8378, 8389, and 8420 — add to list 25c.

C — Grooved plate rail — for each inch or fraction in width, add to list 25c

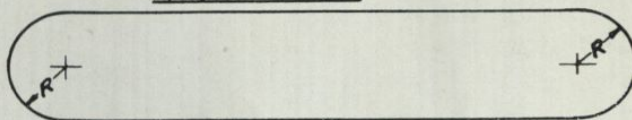
D — Wider than listed sizes — combine the largest equal lists, the finished sizes of which equal the required width.



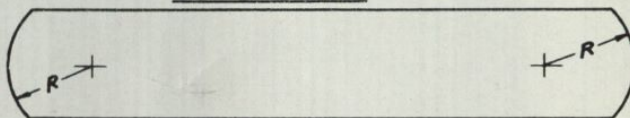
Base prices quoted are for 100 lineal feet of Moulding and are subject to such Discount as may be made by the manufacturer.

DETAILS FOR EASED EDGES

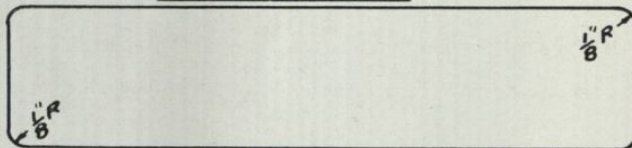
SPECIFICATIONS FOR
ROUND EDGE - OVAL EDGE - ROUND CORNER

CROSS SECTIONSROUND EDGE

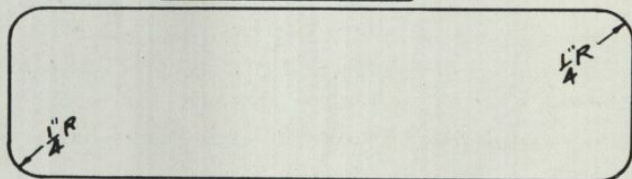
RADIUS OF CURVE = ONE HALF
THE THICKNESS OF MATERIAL.

OVAL EDGE

RADIUS OF CURVE = THREE FOURTHS
THE THICKNESS OF MATERIAL.

ROUND CORNER

RADIUS OF CURVE = $\frac{1}{8}$ " FOR MATERIAL
 $1\frac{1}{16}$ " AND LESS IN THICKNESS.

ROUND CORNER

RADIUS OF CURVE = $\frac{1}{4}$ " FOR MATERIAL
OVER $1\frac{1}{16}$ " IN THICKNESS.

SATIN - LIKE



INTERIOR TRIM

ARKANSAS Soft Pine attains its greatest degree of perfection in the South and West Central sections of the State for which it is named. Certain geological and climatic elements contribute to this condition—as, for example, soil properties, rainfall and drainage.

The Arkansas Soft Pine Bureau is composed exclusively of manufacturers whose timber and saw mills are located in this identical region. The product of these companies whose names appear below, bears the registered trademark shown above. As a further identification and guarantee of standard quality, each piece of Arkansas Soft Pine is grademarked as indicated by the symbol below. In purchasing lumber and woodwork bearing these identifications, you assure yourself of accurate manufacture, scientific drying and seasoning, and merchandising methods adhering to the highest ethical standards.

Arkansas Soft Pine is conveniently available at your local lumber dealer's and millwork factory. It is distributed principally in the territory north of the line of the Ohio River and east of the Rockies. Elsewhere it may be secured by special arrangement with your dealer.

GRADE

**AB & BETTER
KILN DRIED 63**

MARK

This Grade Mark Is Your Guarantee of Standard Quality Lumber and Woodwork.

ARKANSAS SOFT PINE BUREAU

Boyle Building,

Little Rock, Arkansas

Comprising

BRADLEY LUMBER COMPANY of ARKANSAS

Warren, Arkansas

CADDO RIVER LUMBER CO.,

Glenwood, Arkansas

Sales Office: R. A. Long Building, Kansas City, Mo.

DIERKS LUMBER & COAL COMPANY,

Dierks, Arkansas

Sales Office: Dierks Building, Kansas City, Mo.

CROSSETT LUMBER CO.,

Crossett, Arkansas

FORDYCE LUMBER CO.,

Fordyce, Arkansas

SOUTHERN LUMBER CO.,

Warren, Arkansas

FROST LUMBER INDUSTRIES, INC.,

Shreveport, La.

Plant: Huttig, Arkansas

Combined annual production, 400,000,000 board feet.

Over 5,000 lumber dealers carry Arkansas Soft Pine and furnish reliable service in meeting requirements of Architects, Contractors and Carpenters.

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ROBERT H. BROOKS COMPANY
Advertising
LITTLE ROCK - ARKANSAS

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SHATTOCK & MCKAY CO
CHICAGO



This Living Room in Cape Cod motif is paneled in Clear Arkansas Soft Pine, Paul Revere pattern. Complete plans for installing this and other designs will be furnished on request to the Arkansas Soft Pine Bureau, Little Rock, Arkansas.



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